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           IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
                   WESTERN DISTRICT OF OKLAHOMA
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     BETTY ANN MARSEE,
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     Administratrix of the Estate
     of MARVIN SEAN MARSEE,
     Deceased,
 5
                    Plaintiff,
                                      No. Civ-84-2777R
 6
               vs.
 7
     UNITED STATES TOBACCO CO.,
     a New Jersey corporation,
 8
                    Defendant.
 9
            TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL PROCEEDINGS
10
                    Tuesday, June 10, 1986
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12
     HON. DAVID L. RUSSELL,
13
      U.S. District Judge, Presiding
14
                           GEORGE W. BRALY, Esquire
                           DANIA DESCHAMPS-BRALY, Esquire
15
                           Braly & Braly
                           217 North Mississippi
16
                           Ada, Oklahoma 74820
                                  Appeared for Plaintiff.
17
                           TIMOTHY M. FINNEGAN, Esquire
18
                           Jacob, Medinger & Finnegan
                           1270 Avenue of the Americas
                           Rockefeller Center
19
                           New York, N.Y. 10020
20
                                    and
                           ALSTON JENNINGS, Esquire
21
                           Wright, Lindsay & Jennings
                           2200 Worthen Bank Building
22
                           Little Rock, Arkansas 72201
     Volume 26
                                   and
23
                           ANDY COATS, Esquire
                           Crowe & Dunlevy
                           1800 Mid-America Tower
24
                           Oklahoma City, OK 73102
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                                 Appeared for Defendant.
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2	Maynard E. Peterson, CSR Acting Official Reporter
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5	BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the 10th day of
6	June, 1986, the above matter coming on for jury trial
7	before the Honorable David L. Russell, United States
8	District Judge for the Western District of Oklahoma,
9	and the parties appearing in person and or by counsel
10	as hereinabove set forth, the following proceedings
11	were had:
12	THE COURT: Be seated.
13	Go ahead, Mr. Braly.
14	MR. BRALY: We shall continue with the
15	chairman of the board, Your Honor.
16	(The videotape deposition of Louis F. Bantle was
17	here continued.)
18	Q. Do you call that the kind of research effort
19	that is consistent with the statement that people's
20	health was paramount to every other consideration in
21	your business?
22	MR. JENNINGS: Object to the question as
23	argumentative.
24	MR. BRALY: Would you read the question
25	hack and noting counsel's objection. I would ask

1	that I get an answer.
2	(The preceding question was here read by the
3	court reporter.)
4	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Did you understand the
5	question, Mr. Bantle?
6	A. Yes, sir.
7	Q. And do you believe that the expenditure of
8	the sum of \$9,613 in 1975 and \$17,250 in 1976 is an
9	effort or scientific investigative effort that was
10	commensurate with this problem that your research
11	director described?
12	A. Mr. Braly, we were part of the Tobacco
13	Industry Research Committee, and that committee was
1 4	spending, I am sure I am not sure of the exact
15	figures, but I know they were spending much more
16	money than you have mentioned. That was only the
17	part that they asked us to contribute to it.
18	Q. So you are telling us then that you didn't
19	do any independent research. That you relied on some
20	trade association?
21	A. That is not a trade association, sir. It's a
22	research committee of the tobacco industry that
23	formed in 1974 and became the Committee for Tobacco
24	Research at some later date.
25	Q. Did U.S. Tobacco Company ask them to conduct

1	any research in connection with norniconitrosamine?
2	A. I'm not aware of whether we did or didn't,
3	sir.
4	Q. So you don't know whether you did or not
5	then, do you?
6	A. Not specifically.
7	Q. But, in any event, the only research that
8	the U.S. Tobacco Company paid for in those two years
9	was \$9,000 in 1975 and \$17,000 in 1976?
10	MR. JENNINGS: May I see what you are
11	reading from, Mr. Braly?
1 2	MR. BRALY: I am just reading from your
13	answers to Interrogatory 15.
1 4	MR. JENNINGS: I would like to see what it
15	says.
16	MR. BRALY: Well, it's my work product.
17	It's got my own notes on it, Mr. Jennings. You will
l 8	have to excuse me. I don't have an unannotated
١9	edition with me.
2 0	MR. JENNINGS: Okay. Will you read to me
21	the entire question
22	MR. BRALY: Sure.
23	MR. JENNINGS: and entire answer that you
2 4	are reading from
, 5	MD DDATV. Cura will

1	MR. JENNINGS: without your annotation?
2	MR. BRALY: Sure. "Interrogatory 15. In
3	connection with research or studies relating to the
4	safety or lack thereof of the use by the public of
5	your smokeless tobacco products, state how much
6	money, if any, you spent in each of the last 10 years
7	with respect to any such research or studies whether
8	conducted by you or persons acting on your behalf or
9	persons for whom you have provided funds in whole or
۱0	in part."
l 1	And the answer was, I believe it was an
1 2	answer provided on May the 9th, 1985, that for 1975
l 3	there was \$9,613 and \$17,250.
L 4	MR. JENNINGS: Is that otherwise qualified
l 5	in any way?
l 6	MR. BRALY: No, sir.
٦ 1	MR. JENNINGS: Thank you.
l 8	MR. BRALY: The answer was: "Defendant has
9	funded scientific research in the following amounts
20	over the last 10 years."
2.1	MR. JENNINGS: Thank you.
2 2	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Who is Doctor Manning?
23	A. Doctor Richard Manning is in charge of our
4	Research Department.
25	Q. And he has been with the company for how

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- A. I couldn't tell you the exact date, but I believe he has been there ever since I have.
- Q. Mr. Bantle, in response to this news about these carcinogenic nitrosamines being found in your snuff products, your company did not put any warnings on those products to alert the consumers to that fact, did you?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Mr. Bantle, in response to another interrogatory, Interrogatory No. 12, your response has been filed under oath in this case is that you have never placed any warnings on your smokeless tobacco products. Is that correct?
 - A. In the United States?
- 16 Q. Let me read you the question.
- 17 A. Uh-huh.
 - Q. "Have you ever considered placing a warning in the packaging or labeling of your smokeless tobacco products, which warning would have as its subject matter possible health risks to users of your smokeless tobacco products?"

The answer was: "No warning has been placed on its smokeless tobacco products because defendant believes that a warning is not warranted."

1	Do you stand by that answer?
, 2	A. No, sir.
3	Q. You don't stand by that answer?
4	A. No, sir.
5	Q. That answer is false then?
6	A. It has an incorrect it should have stated
7	"in the United States."
8	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, can we approach the
9	bench one moment?
10	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
11	BAR.)
12	MR. BRALY: There follows a colloquy by Mr.
13	Jennings which is on Page 147, which I object to
14	being read to the jury. It is inaccurate; it is
15	incorrect.
16	MR. FINNEGAN: Here it is.
17	MR. JENNINGS: I know where it is at. I
18	don't consider it to be inaccurate or incorrect.
19	THE COURT: What is inaccurate?
20	MR. BRALY: Well, the interrogatory answer
21	was filed the first week or ten days of February of
22	1985, and there was no court order in effect at that
23	time of any kind, and the answer was a
24	straightforward question and asked for a
25	etraightforward answer and the answer that the

company gave was false. There just simply was no 1 qualification on limitation outstanding at that time 2 And Mr. Jennings' 3 that they gave that answer. argument and interjection is nothing more than 4 5 testimony on his behalf. We hadn't even had the first meeting with 6 the Court yet, much less met with the Court or 7 Magistrate or anybody else when that answer was 8 filed. 9 If the Court please, I don't 10 MR. JENNINGS: remember the time sequence. When was the answer 11 filed? 12 February the 6th of '85, MR. BRALY: 13 something like that. It was in February of '85. 14 It's 15 MR. FINNEGAN: I'd have to check back. my recollection that in some of the general -- in 16 some of the qualifications we objected at the outset 17 to going into international matters, and I think that 18 our answers were qualified as given as pertaining to 19 20 domestic, but I would have to check back. MR. JENNINGS: I think that's correct. 21 We objected to going into any 22 MR. FINNEGAN: matters international, and all of our answers were 23 answered as to domestic. 24

Well, I don't know.

I'm not

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THE COURT:

1	sure it is worth going to and looking up. If you
2	think it is, we will.
3	MR. BRALY: I don't want it read to the
4	jury, because I believe it to be inaccurate and
5	misleading to the jury. I believe the company at
6	that time intended to deceive us with respect to
7	their actions on warnings by their answers.
8	MR. FINNEGAN: Oh,
9	THE COURT: Well, if you want to take the
10	time to look up whether or not it was limited, we can
11	do it.
12	MR. BRALY: Okay, I would like to have it
13	looked up.
1 4	THE COURT: Let's do. Where would that
15	do we have it here?
16	MR. FINNEGAN: I'm sure we do. We have
17	everything.
18	MR. BRALY: That was something they could
19	have covered on cross-examination.
20	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, our copy
21	is not complete. Part of it appears to have been cut
22	off, what we said, unless otherwise indicated that
23	our answers were limited to Copenhagen brand òf
24	snuff. Copenhagen brand of snuff is not sold in
25	Cuadan

1	THE COURT: I thought that can was
2	Copenhagen.
3	MR. FINNEGAN: That was Skoal,
4	MR. JENNINGS: Skoal.
5	MR. FINNEGAN: Your Honor.
6	MR. JENNINGS: That was Skoal.
7	MR. BRALY: It says "otherwise indicated,"
8	said "products" plural, and the plural was used. The
9	singular was not used.
10	THE COURT: Well, this objection that was
11	made is not correct.
12	MR. JENNINGS: You are right, sir.
13	THE COURT: That was because that had not
14	been done at the time that was answered, so I am
15	going to sustain the objection. Just strike that
16	from the deposition.
17	MR. BRALY: About three places where he
18	brings it up.
19	THE COURT: That's fine.
20	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN
21	COURT.)
22	Q. At any rate, you have now, you are telling
23	the jury, placed warnings on some of your smokeless
24	tobacco products; is that correct?
25	A. I believe that the Swedish government

1	requires a warning label, and we have placed them on
2	snuff that has been sent to Sweden.
. 3	Q. Noting Mr. Jennings' objection, Mr. Bantle,
4	isn't it true that you did not mention that fact in
5	your response to this interrogatory?
6	A. I was not aware of the response.
7	Q. Somebody in the corporation signed it under
8	oath, but you weren't aware of it?
9	A. That that statement was there, I was not
10	aware of it, sir.
11	Q. But it is, and noting Mr. Jennings'
12	objection, it is true that your company has, in fact,
13	placed warnings on products sold outside of the
14	United States?
15	A. Yes, sir. I believe so.
16	Q. Can you tell us what that warning said?
17	MR. JENNINGS: Show our objection.
18	MR. BRALY: Noting his objection I will
19	note your continuing objection to this line of
20	questions, Mr. Jennings.
21	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, can you tell the
22	jury here in Oklahoma what the warning said in
23	Sweden?
24	A. It is in Swedish, and I couldn't really tell

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you the exact words, sir.

1	Q. Let me hand you what has been marked as
2	Plaintiff's Deposition Exhibit 24. And you have
3	never seen that document before, I don't think. But,
4	Mr. Bantle, isn't that a translation done by the
5	Swedish Embassy in Washington, D. C., an original?
6	A. Yes, sir. I would think so, sir.
7	MR. JENNINGS: We object to this document,
8	of course.
9	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, before we go any
10	further, I want to ask you to identify some of your
11	company's products for me. First off, I want to hand
1 2	you what has previously been marked as Plaintiff's
13	Exhibits 16 and 18 to Doctor Hoffmann's deposition.
1 4	I brought them along today. Can you hold those up so
15	the camera can see those?
16	A. (Witness complies).
17	Q. And tell the jury, are those the products of
18	the United States Tobacco Company?
19	A. Yes, sir. They are products of U.S.
2 0	Tobacco.
21	Q. All right. Now, let me hand you what has
22	been marked as Exhibit 23-A to your deposition. Can
23	you identify that exhibit?
2 /	A vee That is a product of U.S. Tobacco.

Does it have a warning on it?

Q.

1	A. No, sir.
2	Q. Let me hand you what has been marked as
3	Deposition Exhibit 23-B. Is that a product of the
4	U.S. Tobacco Company?
5	A. Yes, sir.
6	Q. Does it have a warning on it?
7	A. No, sir.
8	Q. Let me hand you what has been marked as
9	Exhibit 23-C. Is that a product of the U.S. Tobacco
10	Company?
11	A. Yes, sir.
12	Q. Let me hand you what has been marked as
13	Exhibit 23-D. Is that a product of the United States
14	Tobacco Company?
15	A. Yes, sir.
16	Q. Let me hand you what has been marked as
17	Exhibit 23-E.
18	A. Yes, sir.
19	Q. Is that a product of the U.S. Tobacco
20	Company?
21	A. Yes, sir.
22	Q. You sell all of those products in the United
23	States, don't you?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. You also sell a product called Skoal Bandits

1	in the United States, don't you?
2	A. Yes. This is Skoal Bandits.
3	Q. That's the mint version?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. You sell another version in a green can
6	though, don't you?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. None of the products you have just
9	identified carry any warning labels, do they?
10	A. No, sir, they don't.
11	Q. Let me ask you to identify what has been
12	marked as Exhibit 23-F. Is that one of the products
13	made by the United States Tobacco Company?
. 14	A. Yes, sir.
15	Q. That product is different, isn't it?
16	A. Yes, sir.
17	Q. In what respect is it different?
18	MR. JENNINGS: We object, of course, to
19	Exhibit 23-F.
20	A. It carries the Swedish warning labels, sir.
21	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) And where was that product
22	made?
23	A. I can't honestly say, sir, whether that was
24	made in
25	Q. Let me ask you a simpler question. Where

1	does the label say it was made?
2	A. Made in the U.S.A., Greenwich, Connecticut.
3	Q. Greenwich, Connecticut, is your corporate
4	headquarters, isn't it?
5	A. Yes, sir.
6	Q. Now, would you take that product, sir, and
7	hold it up so the cameraman can read the label. You
8	will need to hold it real steady and right side up.
9	It will take him a minute to focus it.
10	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) That is just a little paper
11	label that was slapped on the bottom of the can,
12	isn't it?
13	A. Yes, sir.
14	Q. Now, Mr. Bantle, I anticipated that you
15	would not be able to read Swedish. Do you have any
16	idea, other than by that translation, what that
17	warning label says in Swedish?
18	A. From the translation I have.
19	Q. Prior to reading that translation that I
20	brought here today to this deposition, do you have
21	any idea what it said?
22	MR. JENNINGS: We are showing our continuing
23	objection to this line of questioning.
24	MR. BRALY: Yes, sir.
25	MR. JENNINGS: All right.

1	Q. (MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, let me show you a
2	large blowup. I had this made because I anticipated
3	that you might not be able to read Swedish. It has
4	been marked for identification as Exhibit 24-A. Do
5	you recognize the photographs at the top as being
6	photographs of that same can of Skoal Bandits
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q that you just identified as 23-F?
9	A. Yes, sir.
0	Q. Would you, for the benefit of the jury here
1	in Oklahoma, read the warning label as translated by
2	the Swedish Embassy.
. 3	A. "Warning. Snuff and chewing tobacco
. 4	contains nicotine causing a strong dependency equal
. 5	to that of tobacco smoking. Mucous membranes and
. 6	gums may be damaged and require medical attention.
. 7	National Board of Health & Welfare."
8	Q. Mr. Bantle, you don't deny that in virtually
9	of decade of this century there's been one or more
0 2	articles that have appeared in the recognized
2 1	scientific literature that have reported on this
22	problem with snuff in oral cancer?
23	A. No, sir, I would not deny that.
24	Q. As a matter of fact, some of those articles
	have the Airlan that worm like with a title

took into consideration in making that decision was

or that you took, is that the only factor that you

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your evaluation of the medical literature? 1 2 A. Oh, no, sir. 3 Well, what other considerations?

- The medical literature, the research that had been -- had been done, not just -- just that one piece of literature, but all of the literature, all the information that is available to our research department, to the scientists who we worked with over the years and the -- all this information is constantly looked at.
- But did I understand you what you are telling me is that the medical, the scientific and the research information is the only consideration -- those are the only factors that went into the consideration as to whether to put a warning label or not on your snuff?
- No. I think besides the -- We would also look at the political considerations and certainly our legal people were asked for their input into the situation.
 - Well, what were those considerations? 0.
- 22 Which, sir?
 - Mr. Bantle, let me back off and ask this question differently. Would you tell the jury each factor that your company considered in trying to

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decide whether or not to put a warning label on snuff products.

- All the medical research that was available. All that had been done by the Smokeless Tobacco Council, by the Smokeless Tobacco Research Council, by the independent contractors that we had worked with in the past. All the literature that's in the books, the information that we had been furnished and reviewed at conferences that our people attended, all that information, along with -- with the political ramifications of Congress in their placing labels on other products and where would we stand, and our legal department looking at the considerations that had been -- the people that we had testifying at all of the State investigations or hearings. All these things went into consideration as they came in to play over the years.
 - Was there anything else? 0.
 - I can't think of anything right now. Α.
- Well, if you want to take some more time and Q. think about it, I want a full and complete answer to that question as best as you are capable of giving this jury.
- Well, we looked at all the -- all the research that's been done, all the worldwide, all the

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papers that have been published, all the research that our people could find on the subject.

I think we have done a very, very, thorough review of the research. We have consulted with people to see if we are making the proper decision at all times, and we came to the conclusion that a warning label was not necessary.

- Q. If you had put a warning label on the product, you could have told the consumers that there is some medical literature out there that at least leads some competent scientist to think that this stuff causes cancer. You could have done it, couldn't you?
 - A. If we put a warning label on it?
- Q. That would have been a true statement,
 wouldn't it? "Consumer, there are some scientists
 out there that thinks that this stuff causes cancer."
 That would have been a true statement?
 - A. Yes, that would have been a true statement.
- Q. You could have put that as a warning label on your snuff products?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. But your company chose not to do that?
 - A. We made a judgment not to sir, yes, sir.
 - Q. Mr. Bantle, I don't want to be repetitive,

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1	but was there was one thing that you did not mention
2	among that long list of considerations. Do you know
3	what that is?
4	A. No, sir.
5	Q. You don't have any idea?
6	A. No, sir.
7	Q. Did your company ever stop to think that it
8	might hurt your sales and growth of your company if
9	you put a warning because people might quit dipping
10	snuff?
11	A. No, sir.
12	Q. That never entered your mind?
13	A. No, sir.
1 4	Q. Not at all?
15	A. No, sir.
16	Q. And you are telling the jury that under oath
17	that that never entered your mind?
18	A. We never considered that as part of the
19	if we went right back to the frank statement that you
20	showed here, no consideration.
2 1	Q. The answer to my question is that you are
22	telling the jury under oath the fact that people
23	might quit buying your snuff and your profits might
2 4	go down, never entered into the consideration of
25	whether to put a warning on or not?

1	A. Well, it never entered into my mind. It
2	could have entered into considerations. It could
3	have been mentioned or spoken of, but I never looked
4	at it as that being a problem.
5	Q. But, that
6	A. It was something that we should consider.
7	If we are considering a warning label, we are doing
8	it because of people's health.
9	Q. But you didn't decide that it was it
1.0	would be of interest to people to be alerted that
11	there were at least some scientists out there that
12	were saying that snuff caused cancer?
13	A. We looked at all of the literature and
14	determined that it was not necessary for us to put a
15	warning label on it.
16	MR. JENNINGS: I believe we have been going
17	a little over an hour, we need a recess.
18	MR. BRALY: Fine, we will take a five-minute
19	recess.
20	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, we have had a
21	short break and we are back on the record.
22	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, there is a document
23	that comes up almost immediately. I am going to move
24	its admission.

(Handed to counsel).

1	MR. JENNINGS: May we approach the bench,
2	Your Honor?
3	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
4	BAR.)
5	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, we
6	object to this document because of the references in
7	it to political activity involving
8	THE COURT: I think I have ruled on that,
9	have I not?
10	MR. BRALY: Yes.
11	MR. JENNINGS: Not with regard to a specific
12	document.
13	THE COURT: As I stated yesterday, I am
14	satisfied that solicitation of Congressmen is not an
15	admission into evidence of a solicitation of
16	political persons in regard to product, does not
17	constitute a violation of the right of a petition of
18	Congress. It is not a limitation of the right of
19	freedom of petitioning.
20	I will cite the Pennington case, which I
21	mentioned earlier, so your objection will be
2.2	overruled
23	MR. BRALY: May we publish this; it is Trial
2 4	Exhibit 180.
25	THE COURT: Yes.

T	MR. BRALY: Publish it at an appropriate
2	time.
3	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN COURT.)
4	Q. Mr. Bantle, do you recall in 1983 in
5	January, there was a news story run on television
6	about snuff and the possible relationship to oral
7	cancer?
8	A. Yes, sir.
9	Q. Any response to that television story, you
10	wrote a letter, I think, on January 12th. Let me
11	hand you what has been marked for identification as
l 2	Deposition Exhibit 25. It's a document for
l 3	identification that's on U.S. Tobacco Intracompany
L 4	Correspondence and on the top it indicates in print
15	that it is from Louis F. Bantle, chairman of the
16	board and president, to Barry Nova, executive
L 7	vice-president and president, can you identify that
l 8	document.
١9	A. (Witness reviews document) Yes, sir.
2 0	Q. Mr. Bantle, is that a letter that you sent
21	with respect to the Monday broadcast on television to
2 2	the president of `the Tobacco Division of the United
23	States Tobacco Company?
24	A. Yes, sir.

What were the downsides of the TV broadcast

1	that U.S. Tobacco Company was concerned about?
2	A. I don't remember the exact content of
3	the of the broadcast. I believe it was Matt
4	Meyers, but I don't remember the details of the
5	program, except that it was making charges against
6	our product that apparently I was quite upset about
7	·it.
8	Q. Didn't you state in here that you should
9	develop a strategy to keep the Surgeon General from
10	putting a warning label on snuff?
11	A. I think we said we should approach the
12	Surgeon General.
13	Q. Mr. Bantle, didn't you say in fact, and I
14	quote, "What is this downside on Monday's broadcast?"
15	New sentence, quote This is your quotation marks.
16	"The Surgeon General warning snuff dipping may cause
17	cancer," .
18	The next sentence, "It's possible it could
19	trigger such a suggestion."
20	And you were concerned that that program
21	might trigger some curiosity and interest about your
22	snuff products so that the Surgeon General might be
23	motivated to cause a warning to be placed on snuff,
24	weren't you?
25	A. I don't remember exactly what I was worried

1	about. I know there was a broadcast that had me
2	worried and upset. These were questions that I was
3	posing for looking into.
4	Q. Didn't you rather than ask a question make a
5	statement and wasn't your statement, "We should
6	develop a strategy for such possibility, or better
7	for seeing that it does not happen."
8	Isn't that what you said, Mr. Bantle?
9	A. Yes, sir.
10	Q. What you were trying to keep from happening
11	was a warning by the Surgeon General on snuff.
12	Right?
13	A. Yes, sir.
14	Q. And among the things you were going to do
15	was to contact all members of Congress; isn't that
16	right?
17	A. I said, "things to be considered."
18	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, we are anticipating
19	what you would rule, we have reached an agreement,
20	believe it or not.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	Q. Down at the last paragraph didn't you say
23	that you have Washington contacts and if we don't get
24	there first, the American Cancer Society will?
25	A. Yes, sir. We had to present our case, which

1	I think is only proper.
2	Q. And the last paragraph it says "Please
3	discuss with Jim Chapin and schedule SMC for
4	discussion early next week." You said that, didn't
5	you?
6	A. Yes, sir.
7	Q. What is the SMC?
8	A. That's the management committee.
9	Q. What does the "S" stand for?
10	A. Strategic Management Committee, are the
11	words that we were using.
12	Q. And who is Mr. Jim Chapin?
13	A. Mr. Jim Chapin is our legal counsel.
14	Q. So you were referring this matter to your
15	strategic management committee for action for the
16	next week; is that correct?
17	A. For discussion.
18	Q. For a discussion?
19	A. Yes, sir.
20	Q. Tell us a little more about your strategic
21	management committee. What is that?
22	A. It's the an in-house group of the top
23	management of the company who discuss where are we
24	going, what our directions were, our road paths, a

rather informal, it doesn't meet at all times or on

1	any regularly scheduled basis.
2	Q. Consists of high level people in the
3	corporation?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. And they formulate strategic plans for the
6	management of the company?
7	A. We don't have a formal written strategic
8	long-range plan, no, sir.
9	Q. At any rate, whatever this committee does
10	you call it the Strategic Management Committee?
11	λ. Yes, sir.
12	Q. Who are some of the members of that
13	Strategic Management Committee?
14	A. It has changed over a period of time, but it
15	is usually the top members of the company. The at
16	the time, Mr. Noble was president of the Tobacco
17	Division. He was a member. Mr. O'Grady, the top
18	financial man, Mr. Rossi the top human relations man,
19	Mr. Maroconi would be as president now.
20	We really haven't used the strategic
21	management committee as much in the last two years as
22	we had talked about it before. But it would be the
23	top-level people who were involved in looking, where
24	is the company going, acquisitions, that sort of
25	thing.

1	you, January 12th the letter we were just referring
2	to,
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. It is a document that has been so-labeled
5	for identification. See if you can tell the jury
6	what that document is?
7	MR. BRALY: Trial Exhibit 197, Your Honor,
8	it was Bantle's Deposition Exhibit 26.
9	THE COURT: Any additional objection to
10	this?
11	MR. JENNINGS: No objection, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Plaintiff's what's the
13	number?
1 4	MR. BRALY: Trial Exhibit 197.
15	THE COURT: Plaintiff's 197 will be
16	admitted.
17	A. (Witness reviews document.) I can't explain
18	what that document is. I don't know what that
19	document is. It looks like the
20	Q. It certainly deals with the subject; doesn't
21	it?
22	A. Yes, sir, but that
23	Q. It was created a week after your letter,
24	right?
25	A. (Witness nods, yes.)

1	Q. Let me hand you what And it has got
2	U.S.T.'s identification down at the bottom
3	Let me hand you another document that has
4	been marked for identification as Deposition Exhibit
5	27. Can you tell the jury what that document is.
6	MR. JENNINGS: May we approach the bench?
7	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
8	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE BAR.)
9	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, we want
1 0	to show our objection to this document in order to
1 1	preserve our objection on political activity.
1 2	THE COURT: All right. It will be the same
13	basis
1 4	MR. JENNINGS: Yes.
15	THE COURT: as the prior objection.
16	MR. JENNINGS: Yes.
17	THE COURT: I have employed this, unless
18	there is something other than what you have brought
19	up before. I think it would be relevant on the
2 0	issues, and I am overrule your objection.
21	Plaintiff's 182 will be admitted.
2 2	MR. BRALY: Thank you
23	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN
2.4	COURT.)
. 5	A This appears to be a proliminary standary

1	recommendations from the task force on Regulatory and
2	Political Environment, and it's quite extensive. I
3	briefly looked through it.
4	Q. That was one of your task forces and they
5	ultimately did make this report to your office,
6	didn't they?
7	A. I don't see a date on this. That would
8	refresh my memory more if it did.
9	Q. I don't see a date on it either, but this is
10	the way it came from your company's files?
11	A. Yes, sir.
12	Q. You did have such a task force, didn't you?
13	A. Yes, we did have. The exact time of it, I
1 4	am not sure.
15	Q. But it clearly was dealing with this issue
16	of the problem with the warning label on your snuff
17	product, wasn't it?
18	A. I think it was dealing with a lot more than
19	warning labels.
20	Q. Dealing with the whole health problem
21	associated with the use of your snuff product, wasn't
2 2	it?
23	A. Yes, sir.
24	Q. And the plans the company was going to

implement to try and deal with that problem, right?

1	A. Well, there were preliminary recommendations
2	in this. As I scanned through it, it looks like it
3	was more of a putting everything on the table that
4	could possibly be considered.
5	Q. Now, Mr. Bantle, before we move on, I want
6	to ask you one question about this warning that you
7	put on your snuff products in Sweden.
8	MR. JENNINGS: Show our objection.
9	MR. BRALY: Yes, sir. I note your
10	continuing objection.
11	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, can you tell the
12	jury sitting here in Oklahoma City why that a mother
13	and father of a child in Sweden should get more of a
14	warning than a mother and father of a child here in
15	Oklahoma?
16	A. I believe the Swedish government has made a *
17	determination that that warning label must be on the
18	products in Sweden.
19	Q. See if I understand you correctly. What you
2 0	are saying is that your company not only disagrees
2 1	with all of the scientific literature on the subject,
22	but your company, the U.S. Tobacco Company disagrees
23	with the findings of the Swedish government on this
24	issue, too; is that correct?

Object to the form of the

25

MR. JENNINGS:

there?

1 I'm not aware that they have stated that it 2 causes cancer. 3 Mr. Bantle, can you identify any organizations, advisory boards, agencies of the 5 United States Government or agencies of the World Health Organization that have made the statement to 6 7 the effect that there is a causal relationship 8 between the use of snuff and oral tobacco? 9 A causal relationship, that's different from 10 what you asked before, that it causes cancer. 11 not aware of anyone has said that snuff causes 12 cancer. 13 Mr. Bantle, let me ask you this, then. Q. 14 you aware that on February the 6th, 1985, that the 15 National Cancer Advisory Board of the United States 16 Government in a resolution on smokeless tobacco made 17 the following statement: "There is sufficient 18 evidence for a cause and effect relationship between 19 smokeless tobacco use and human cancer. Are you 20 aware of that? 21 A. No, sir. 22 Q. But you disagree with it? 23 I'm not a scientist, but --A. 24 Q. Do you disagree with it?

I don't believe that it has been established

1	that our product causes cancer.
2	Q. Mr. Bantle, my question was do you disagree
3	with the findings of the National Cancer Advisory
4 .	Board of the United States government?
5	A. I'm not in a position myself to disagree
6	with it or not.
7	Q. Does your company disagree with them?
8	A. I believe after reviewing all the
9	information that we would disagree with them, yes.
1 0	Q. So they are wrong and your company is right?
1 1	A. Yes, sir.
1 2	Q. The Swedish government is wrong and your
13	company is right?
14	A. We believe that we have made that
15	determination, sir.
l 6	Q. Mr. Bantle, have you ever heard of an
١7	organization called the International Agency for
18	Research on Cancer?
19	A. No, sir, I haven't.
0 2	Q. You have never heard of that organization?
21	A. No, sir.
22	Q. Nobody in your organization has ever talked
23	to you about the existence of this organization?
2 4	A. Not that I can recall, sir.
25	Q. Mr. Bantle, I am going to hand you what has

can focus on it.

styled "Report to the Surgeon General's Advisory

Committee on the health consequences of using 1 smokeless, dated March 24th, 1986." 2 Have you heard of this document, sir? 3 A. Yes, sir. 4 There is a finding in this 5 All right. Q. document about snuff and cancer, isn't there? 6 I'm not certain, sir. I haven't seen the 7 document. 8 Let me hand you the document. I call your 9 0. attention to the preface and ask you to read the 10 11 first sentence under Paragraph 2. MR. JENNINGS: We would object, of course, 12 to the document as being hearsay, also because it is 13 obviously, a 1986 publication, which is totally 14 15 irrelevant and immaterial in this litigation, and we 16 object to the previous document on the basis of its 17 time of publication, also. (BY MR. BRALY) Would you read that sentence 18 Q. 19 out loud to the jury in this trial, sir. 20 "The scientific evidence is strong that the 21 use of snuff can cause cancer in humans." 22 Mr. Bantle, I want to make sure that I and ο. the jury understand clearly what it is that your 2.3 24 corporation is saying with respect to the health 25 hazards of snuff.

1	Do I understand the position of your company
2	to be that on the issue of the health hazards of
3	snuff that the Swedish Government is wrong and has
4	been wrong since the 1970's?
5	MR. JENNINGS: I object to the question as
6	being repetitious. It has been asked and answered,
7	and I instruct the witness he need not answer the
8	same question again.
9	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Are you refussing to answer
10	that question?
11	MR. JENNINGS: Yes, he's refusing upon my
12	instruction to answer the question again. He is not
13	refusing to answer the question. He has answered the
1 4	question. He's refusing to answer it again.
15	MR. BRALY: I am just trying to make sure
16	that we pull all this together.
17	MR. JENNINGS: Well, we
18	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Now, Mr. Bantle, I take it
19	that on your counsel's instruction you are refusing
20	to answer my last question; is that correct?
21	A. That's correct.
22	Q. All right. Now, I take it that if I ask you
23	if you agreed or disagreed with the findings of the
24	National Cancer Advisory Board, that you would refuse,
25	to answer that question again, too?

1	MR. JENNINGS: He has already answered the
2	question. It has been asked and answered. It is
3	repetitious. This deposition is going to end very
- 4	shortly and I would like to get it over with.
5	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, with respect to
6	the findings of the International Agency for Research
7	on Cancer, is it the position of your corporation
8	that their finding that snuff causes human cancer is
9	wrong, that your company is right?
10	MR. JENNINGS: Object to the form of the
11	question, because of the paraphrasing of the finding.
12	I'm not sure whether that's what it says and also I
13	believe that one has already been answered, but I'm
14	not positive.
15	MR. BRALY: I will read it again.
16	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Are you telling this jury
17	that the finding by the International Agency for
18	Research on Cancer, and I quote, sir, from page 116
19	of the document.
20	"There is sufficient evidence that oral use
21	of snuffs of the types commonly used in North America
22	and Western Europe is carcinogenic to humans."
23	Does your company disagree with that finding
24	by the International Agency for Research on Cancer?

25

We do, sir.

1	Q. And, sir, does your corporation disagree
2	with the findings of the Surgeon General of the
3	United States that you just read to the jury?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. Do you disagree with the findings of all
6	four of those people we just talked about?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. And you don't think that even their findings
9	should be communicated in the form of a warning to
10	your customers of your snuff products?
11	A. Would you repeat that question.
12	Q. You don't think that even their findings
13	from those governmental agencies should be
14	communicated to the users of your snuff products in
15	the form of a warning?
16	A. There will be a warning on our label.
17	Q. Yes, there will be, but that is not only
18	because Congress has told you to. You haven't done
19	it voluntarily, has your company?
20	A. No, sir, we have not done it voluntarily.
21	Q. Mr. Bantle, just one moment, sir. I am
22	putting up on the board what is marked I believe as
23	Exhibit 27-A. It is a page from a document that has
24	previously been identified as Exhibit 27, being this

strategy recommendations from the task force on

1	regulatory and political environment.
2	Mr. Bantle, I believe that's Page 178 of the
3	document, if you would like to refer to it. Have
4	you found it, sir?
5	A. No, sir. Page 178? Oh, I'm sorry. Yes,
6	sir.
7	Q. Mr. Bantle, isn't it in fact true that the
8	people that prepared this document all of which I
9	believe you have testified were high-level people
l O	second only to your office, have written down black
l 1	on white
l 2	A. No, sir.
l 3	Q. No, sir? This is your task force on the
1 4	regulatory political environment; is that right?
15	A. Yes, sir, but you are confusing that with
6	the SCM.
7	Q. All right. I stand corrected.
8 8	Nevertheless, this is your task force on the
9	Regulatory and Political Environment; is that
2 0	correct?
21	A. I believe so.
22	Q. All right. And that task force put down the
23	statement that is outlined in pink on that page; is
2 4	that correct?
25	A. Yes, it is.

1	Q. Would you read that statement to the jury.
2	A. "NNN Major Health Problem."
3	Q. Isn't that a statement by your employees
4	that norniconitrosamine is a major health problem?
5	A. I don't know that the person who wrote that
6	would really know whether it was or not. I don't
7	know who wrote this.
8	Q. Mr. Bantle, you are the chief executive
9	officer of this corporation, aren't you?
10	A. Yes, sir.
11	Q. And you are responsible for the management
12	and operation of the corporation?
13·	A. Yes, sir.
14	Q. And, Mr. Bantle, I have got one simple
15	question. Isn't it true that somebody on the task
16	force on Regulatory Political Environment has written
17	down in your corporate documents that belong to the
18	U.S. Tobacco Company that NNN is a major health
19	problem?
20	A. Somebody wrote that, sir.
21	Q. Yes, sir. Mr. Bantle, calling your
22	attention back to this Regulatory Political
23	Environment meeting that was held on January 18th. I
24	want to show you an enlargement from the second page
25	of that document. I want to ask you a question, Mr.

Bantle.

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Isn't it true that the reason you didn't put warnings on your snuff products was because it was legally better if you were forced rather than voluntarily putting one on?

- · Would you repeat that question?
- Mr. Bantle, isn't it true that the reason you didn't put the warnings on the snuff products was because you thought it was better for your legal position if you waited until Congress forced you to put a label on it?
 - A. No, sir.
- Would you turn around and read those three lines to the jury.

MR. JENNINGS: We object to that chart for the further reason that it's been highlighted, and the chart is not an accurate copy of the exhibit.

- (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Bantle, if you object to reading from that chart, I will be glad to let you read from the original document if you will just read from the same three lines. The text is the same in both instances, isn't it, sir?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Would you read those three lines for the benefit of the jury in this case.

1	1 A. "There is a benefit from the product	••••
2	2 warning product liability point of view on the	ie .
3	3 warning notice. We may have to put a warning or)
4	4 ourselves. Legally, it is better if we are force	ed
5	5 rather than voluntarily putting one on."	
6	6 Q. Why is it better for your legal position	n if
7	7 you are forced to put a warning on rather than o	loing
8	8 it voluntarily?	
9	9 A. I don't know that that's true, sir.	
10	Q. Do you disown this statement?	
11		
12		
		_
13	A. Someone did. I don't know who wrote the	is.
1 4	Q. So you're just saying that that was	
15	5 somebody's pipe dream?	
16	A. I didn't say it was a pipe dream. They	y may
17	7 have believed it.	
18	8 Q. They were setting out, weren't they, they	neir
19	9 findings on the regulatory political environment	with
20		
21		
		•
22		
23	Q. And one of the things you reviewed was	the
2 4	4 choices with respect to whether to put warning	abels

your product or not?

1	A. I didn't review this. I didn't do this. I
2	am not sure who did it, and I think that they made a
3	statement. I don't know if the statement was
4	correct, but they made the statement.
5	MR. BRALY: No further questions. We move
6	the admission of all of the exhibits that have been
7	identified. We will note Mr. Jennings' objections as
8	he has made them.
9	THE COURT: Call your next witness.
10	MR. BRALY: Just one moment, Your Honor.
11	Your Honor, we would recall Doctor Jim
12	Horrell.
13	JAMES F. HORRELL,
14	recalled as a witness on behalf of the plaintiff,
15	having been previously sworn, testified further as
16	follows:
17	THE COURT: You may resume the stand, you
18	are under the same oath, I believe, on Friday.
19	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
20	DIRECT EXAMINATION (cont'd.)
21	BY MR. BRALY:
22	Q. Doctor Horrell, welcome back. Last week,
23	just to back up a few steps, you mentioned that you
24	were teaching classes at the University of Oklahoma.
25	Tell us again what courses that you teach there.

- 10 11 12 devoted to a study of the strategies and the 13 structure of the financing of corporations in 14 15 general, and the evaluation thereof.
 - Do you consider the particular financial conditions, study particular different financial statements?
 - Α. Yes.

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- And groups of statements on differentcompanies?
- As a matter of fact, the primary focus of those courses is structured around what are known as the financials of the company, and that consists of the balance sheet, the summary of operations, the

1 uses and sources of funds. 2 Q. Doctor Horrell, in connection with your 3 testimony here today, have you looked at some of the 4 financial statements for the United States Tobacco 5 Company? 6 A. Yes, I have. 7 Would you describe briefly what it is that you have looked at. R 9 Well, I have looked at their financials through, say, summaries that appear in their annual 10 11 reports and also summaries that appear in Moody's, 12 Standard & Poor's, and Value Line, all of which are 13 common reporting sources on public information about 14 large corporations. 15 Is that the kind of information that experts Q. in your field would customarily rely upon in judging 16 17 corporations? 18 As a matter of fact, it is the Yes, it is. 19 very sources that we go to. 20 Your Honor, as part of the MR. BRALY: 21 Chairman of the Board Bantle's deposition, he 22 identified two exhibits that I will now offer.

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were marked as deposition exhibits; they have been

1981 and 1983 annual reports for the U.S. Tobacco

remarked as Trial Exhibits 155 and 156.

They are the

1	Company. I ask that they be admitted into evidence.
2	THE COURT: Any objection?
3	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, we
4	would, for the record, like to object. We realize
5	what the Court's ruling is, but we want to preserve
6	our record on that.
7	THE COURT: Plaintiff's 155 and 156 will be
8	admitted.
9	MR. BRALY: May I approach the witness, Your
10	Honor?
11	THE COURT: (Nodding yes).
1 2	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Let me hand you what has
13	been marked as Trial Exhibits 155 and 156. Are those
14	examples of the annual reports of the United States
15	Tobacco Company?
16	A. Yes, they are. One is a xerox copy, and
17	then one is the exact kind of production that they
18	put out and send out to people.
19	Q. Explain to the jury what kind of information
20	is contained in those annual reports.
21	A. Well, there's a report to the shareholders,
22	and then there's usually some information concerning
23	the history of the company and the products that are
24	being offered. And then it gets down to the
25	financials and gives some information about the

1	company inside the industry, the earnings of the
2	company, the financial position, the balance sheet of
3	the company. Also, a statement of changes in
4	shareholder equity, how that changes through time,
5	some general notes on what some specifics in the
6	report mean, and characteristically there are some
7	comparative figures that sometimes run back ten years
8	at a time.
9	Q. All right. Are those comparative figures
L 0	contained in this report that go back over the
l 1	preceding decade or so?
12	A. Well, in this particular one, I think
13	five well, yes, not back to 1972 in this one.
4	Q. And that was in what year?
15	A. This was 1981.
۱6	Q. Doctor Horrell, before we go any further,
L 7	how big of a company, how big of a corporation is the
8	United States Tobacco Company?
l 9	A. Well, it's a big company by most dimensions,
2 0	and you would have to clarify what dimension that you
2 1	are interested in for me to
2 2	THE COURT: Excuse me. Counsel, come up
23	just a moment.
2 4	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
	1

BAR.)

1	THE COURT: You know, I am just allowing
2	this into evidence on the issue of punitive damages.
3	Do you want me to advise the jury of that?
4	MR. FINNEGAN: No.
5	MR. JENNINGS: I don't think so.
6	MR. FINNEGAN: No.
7	MR. BRALY: I would ask that they be advised
8	so they can understand the relevance of it, Your
9	Honor.
1 0	MR. FINNEGAN: No.
11	THE COURT: Go ahead.
12	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN
13	COURT.)
14	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Excuse me, Doctor Horrell.
15	Prior to the bench conference, I believe my question
16	was to ask you how big this corporation was, and you
17	said there are a number of ways of looking at it or
18	something to that effect. Is the stock publicly
19	traded on the stock exchange?
20	A. Yes, it is traded on the New York Stock
21	Exchange.
22	Q. Now, are there a number of companies in this
23	country whose stocks are publicly traded?
24	A. Yes. There's probably about 40,000
25	companies that have publicly-traded stock. There are

1	probably somewhere in the neighborhood of 15- to 1700
2	that are traded on the New York Stock Exchange,
3	probably another thousand to 1200 that are traded on
4	the American, and then there's probably another, I'd
5	say, 7500 to 10,000 that are frequently traded on the
6	minor exchanges and what is called the
7	over-the-counter market.
8	Q. All right. I take it this last combination
9	you described amounted to some 10,000 corporations
10	if you added the last three groups together?
11	A. I would say that probably there's more like
12	about, oh, 1250 to 14,000 frequently traded stocks.
13	Q. Would you give me that range again?
14	A. 12- to 14,000 approximately. These are
15	approximate numbers, of course.
16	Q. 12,000 to 14,000 that are frequently traded?
17	A. (Nodding yes).
18	Q. Now, as among all these corporations, where
19	does the United States Tobacco Company stand in terms
20	of the overall size of its assets?
21	A. With respect to its assets I believe that it
22	is ranked 476th out of those companies. It is a
23	member of the Fortune 500.

Can you give us some idea of what the

long-term earnings history has been for this company?

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1	A. Yes. As a matter of fact,
2	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, we would
3	like the record to show our objection.
4	THE COURT: It will be so noted and
5	overruled.
6	A. As a matter of fact, I looked back to 1950
7	and pulled up several earnings series and graphed
8	them; and if you would like, I can paste those up and
9	you can kind of see what's happened over that period
10	of time.
11	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Does the information that
12	you prepared in the form of a demonstrative exhibit
13	help the jury understand this?
1 4	A. Well, a picture is worth a thousand words,
15	they say, and these are certainly going to give
16	everyone a feel for what's happened during that
17	period of time to the company.
18	Q. If you will
19	THE COURT: Counsel, come up just a moment
20	again.
21	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
22	BAR.)
23	MR. BRALY: Judge, maybe I can help just a
24	minute. I know what your question is.
25	THE COURT: What is the relevancy of going

back so far?

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MR. BRALY: There is a dual purpose to this portion of his testimony, and the dual purpose is to establish the relationship of the company's earnings' growth with the change in the knowledge of health information about cigarettes.

absolutely flat through the Surgeon General's report in 1964. At that point they started up. In 1971, according to Mr. Bantle, cigarette advertising went off of TV, and their advertising went on TV, and at that point you can see a fairly dramatic increase in this company's earnings, which are reflections of their sales, which are reflections of their TV marketing. It started off and prevailed through the 1970's, and that's what this exhibit is designed to show.

THE COURT: I assume you object to it.

MR. JENNINGS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Any additional objection to what

I have --

MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, --

THE COURT: What's the relevance of showing

the effect of the increased revenues after

advertising on television? What is that?

MR. BRALY: It shows that their TV 1 advertising was effective in increasing the use of 2 3 That clearly affected Sean Marsee. their product. 4 It is one thing to say they advertise on TV. another thing to show how amazingly effective it was. 5 All right. Go ahead. I don't 6 THE COURT: care about going back to the Fifties. 7 MR. BRALY: He's got it prepared on a chart 8 9 already. It is a flat line from 1950 through 1964. 10 THE COURT: Go ahead. 11 (The following proceedings were had IN OPEN COURT.) 12 13 THE WITNESS: Okay. The top graph is yearly revenue from 1950. And this axis is in terms of 14 15 millions of dollars, so this is 100 million, 200, 300, 400 and 500 million. And across 1950's, 16 17 Sixties, Seventies and then on up into the 1985. 18 This is the earnings before taxes. So when you --19 The basic formula is that you have revenues, 20 then you subtract out; your expenses, operating 21 expenses, all of the things, cost of goods, et 22 cetera, that are classified as expenses, and then you 23 get earnings before taxes, and then ordinarily you. subtract out then after that taxes, and so this 24

represents the earnings before taxes, and this

1	represents the earnings after taxes over that same
2	period from 1950 to 1985.
3	Q. Doctor Horrell, let me hand you a Magic
4	Marker. I can't see the years back here and I am
5	satisfied that some of the jurors on this end cannot
6	either. Would you mark the year, put a mark and
7	label above it for the year 1964.
8	A. (Witness complies).
9	Q. All right. Now, while we are at it, would
10	you go ahead and label all of them that way.
11	A. (Witness complies).
12	Q. You need to learn to write better. There
13	you go.
14	Now, would you put a mark in there for 1971.
15	A. (Witness complies).
16	Q. All right. Thank you, sir.
17	Doctor, what presently are the pretax
18	earnings of the United States Tobacco Company?
19	A. In 1985 it was 166 million.
20	Q. Let me ask you to look on there and see if
21	you can locate 1975, find out what it was for that
22	year.
23	A. Rather than read from the graph, in 1975 the
24	pretax or earnings before taxes was 32 million
25	approximately.

- Doctor, would you put that number down on Q. the white side there up on the white someplace. (Witness complies). A. Why don't you go ahead and write it with all Q. the zeros, if you can, because I am going to ask you to compare it to another number.
 - (Witness complies). A.
 - Q. Now, sir, have you got a calculator with you today?
 - A. Yes, I do.

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The chairman of the board has just been Q. testifying in a videotape deposition, was not here in During the course of his deposition, an interrogatory was read that discloses that in 1975, just a year after the company learned that it had nitrosamines in its products, that it spent certain sums of money for scientific research.

Precisely, the question was: "In connection with research of studies relating to safety or lack thereof of the use by the public of your smokeless tobacco products, state how much money, if any, you spent in each of the last ten years with respect to any such research or studies, whether conducted by you or persons acting on your behalf or persons for whom you have provided funds in whole or in part."

1	The answer to that reveals in 1975, United
2	States Tobacco Company spent a total of \$9,613.
3	Would you put that number down, please.
4	A. (Witness complies.) 600 and what?
5	Q. \$13. Would you tell us what fraction of the
6	company's well, let's take what fraction of the
7	company's income that represents first, if you have
8	got that number somewhere.
9	A. Well, of the
10	Q. The \$32,100,000 in profit, what fraction of
11	that profit does that research represent?
12	A. It's 9613 over 32.1 million, would be .0003.
13	Q. Do I understand that to be to convert
14	that to a percent, what would that be?
15	A. It would be 3/100 of 1 percent.
16	Q. That is the earnings of the excuse me,
17	the profits?
18	A. Well, it is the earnings before taxes.
19	Q. The earnings before taxes. What was the
20	total income of the company that year?
21	A. It was 142,700,000.
22	Q. So it would be some much smaller fraction of
23	their total revenue?
24	A. Yes, I'm afraid this wouldn't do it.

And if they spent twice that much the next

Q.

A.

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Yes, I have.

1	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, I
2	object.
3	THE COURT: Sustained.
4	MR. JENNINGS: Thank you.
5	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) In any event, in no instance
6	has the amount of money that they were spending on
7	research risen above the level of even 1 percent of
8	their profits, from what we have just been through?
9	A. Well, it has not risen above one percent of
10	their earnings before taxes.
11	Q. And what was the total revenue of the
12	company, say, in 1984?
13	A. In 1984 it was 382,800,000, approximately
14	oh, that was '83. I'm sorry. And 1984 was
15	443,800,000.
16	Q. Doctor Horrell, I want to ask you. Can you
17	in a very brief and shorthand form go to the board
18	and outline the financial position of U.S. Tobacco
19	Company for the last three years?
20	A. Yes, I can.
21	MR. JENNINGS: May we have a continuing
22	objection?
23	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
24	A. Now, the financial position is the balance
25	sheet, and the balance sheet has three major parts to

1 it. One part is assets. The other part is 2 liabilities, and the other is equity. 3 Now, the assets represent what you own. For 4 example, in the case of an individual, it's your house, your car, et cetera. Liabilities represent 5 6 what you owe, and so if you got a mortgage on your 7 house, what you still owe is a liability. still owe on your car, then that is a liability. 9 the equity is how much of your assets you really own. 10 So, in 1983 their assets were 280,860,000. 11 So to read this in terms of millions, it is 280.86 12 million. 13 Their liabilities were 95,330,000, and their 14 equity is or was 185,530,000. Of course, these are 15 rounded-off numbers, and so when it is actually 16 reported, they go right on down to the dollar, but it 17 makes it kind of cumbersome to write. 18 I'm sorry, I started at the wrong end. 19 This is 1981, so in 1983 it was 372.84, 20 112.80 and 260.04. 21 In 1984 it was 408.47 or 408,470,000. 22 liabilities were 127,380,000, and the equity was 23 281,090,000. 24 In '85 it was 468,130,000. In liabilities 25 it was 1 million -- or 144,750,000. And the equity

was 323,380,000 approximately.

- 0. Doctor Horrell, tell us what is meant or what the difference is between something's market value and book value of the company.
- Well, this equity that is here is known as the book value. And that's what shows on the books, but a publicly-traded company is also valued by the market by the market value of their share of stock times the number of shares that there are. And in this particular case the market value of the company in 1985 was 323,380,000, and -- excuse me, that's book value -- and the market value was about 963 million.

Now, when you say that the market value was a certain number for a particular year, that's got to be some kind of average, because, as everyone knows, the value of stock moves up and down in the course of a year, and you have to decide at what point in time are you going to evaluate the market value of the This value of the company agrees with the company. market value of -- as reported by some of the standard reporting sources. Business Week had them listed as a market value company of 1 billion 17 million, I think.

Doctor Horrell, in order that we understand Q.

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- Well, assuming that the market didn't realize what you were doing, you could buy it for about 1 billion dollars. But once the market found out, they would have a tendency to raise their prices, knowing that you want it, and it would cost you more than that.
- Is it fair to say that this is a 1 billion Q. dollar company in market value?
- Well, that's an approximate figure. If I was going to say, I would say between 850 million and a billion would be a real good approximation.
- 0. Let me ask you to explain to us about the yearly financial operations again for the last three vears. If you want to, use a clean sheet of paper.
- Now, the financial operation really operates off of that basic formula I was talking about. You've got certain expenses that you take got sales. out, and what's left is what you make that year. But

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ordinarily in terms of keeping track of that, there is a distinction made in terms of net before taxes and then income taxes and net after taxes, and so what I am putting up here will be sales. represents revenue, expenses, and then net before tax.

Now, for '83 the sales figures were \$382,780,000. The expenses were 246,240,000. The net before taxes was 136,540,000.

The sales in 1984 were 443,790,000. they were 480,020,000. The expenses were 283,880,000 for 1984. For 1985 they were 380,800,000. And the net before taxes in 1984 was 159,910,000, and for 1985 it was 171,220,000.

- Doctor Horrell, when people get a paycheck Q. at the end of the month, they have got a net listed on the paycheck, then they have to go home and pay all their bills. Can you relate that to the numbers or to the categories that you have got in the left-hand column?
- Well, businesses are a little bit different than individuals, in the sense that the Internal Revenue Service lets you take out all your expenses from your sales to get a net before, and then this is the number that they calculate your tax on. It is

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- what they put in the bank after they have paid all their bills?
- Not quite, because Uncle Sam takes a big chunk of this.
- Show us, skip down a little ways and show us 0. what would be left over after Uncle Sam takes his.
- The net after tax figures for 1983 were 70,650,000. For 1984 it was 83,730,000. And for 1985 it was 93,530,000.

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Now, that's in essence what they take to the bank.

- Doctor, if for some reason in 1983 the 0. company had had an extraordinary expense, a one-time bill for \$136,540,000 in addition to the expenses that you have got shown there, what would that have done to any of the rest of these numbers?
- The only change that it would make is this this number would move up and be added to this and there would be a zero here. There would be a zero here, and there wouldn't be any tax that year, and then the other numbers would stay the same.
- Why don't you put 136 million up there above 0. the 246 or below -- That is a one-time expense of \$136,540,000. Show us, put a line through the old number for the net. Now, would an event like that have any impact on any other numbers for 1984 or 1985?
- Well, it would depend on what that event was It's possible it could change those, but as you described, it's an extraordinary one-time-only kind of effect and it would not change any of those numbers, no.
- The company would still pay its All right. bills that year?

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1	A. Oh, yes.
2	Q. Pay all of its employees?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Nobody would be out of work?
5	A. That's right.
6	Q. The company would still be in business?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. And the next year it could still make \$159
9	million before taxes or \$84 million after taxes?
10	A. Yes, sir.
11	Q. It would not destroy the company?
12	A. Oh, no it would not, in and of itself,
13	destroy the company, no.
14	Q. I take it if that happened on an unusual
15	basis, that would get somebody's attention within the
16	company.
17	A. Yes, I think it would.
18	Q. Doctor, I want you to compare, if you
19	would, you can go back to your seat.
20	Is there any aspect you have showed us
21	graphs of extremely rapid rate of growth of this
22	company. As a matter of fact, would you turn back to
23	that one time? I have got
24	A. (Witness complies).
25	Q. The reason for the 64 I want to ask you

1	to put a marker on there the evidence in this case
2	has shown that the Surgeon General in 1964 published
3	its first warning about the health hazards of
4	cigarettes.
5	Would you just put SG above the '64.
6	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, this is
7	argumentative. I object to it.
8	THE COURT: Overruled.
9	A. (Witness complies).
10	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) And then again where the '71
11	is, you might use the middle chart. Chairman of the
12	Board Bantle just testified that is when the
13	cigarette ads went off TV and smokeless tobacco ads
14	went on TV. Just put TV ads right there.
15	A. (Witness complies).
16	Q. Did you put TB or TV?
17	A. I thought tobacco, TV.
18	Q. Okay. Now, when did this company first do
19	anything other than just flat line of earnings?
20	A. Well, with respect to earnings, you can see
21	the pattern here, and then shortly thereafter there
22	is a startup and then after this point it
23	accelerates.
24	Q. So sometime not too long, a year or so after

the Surgeon General's report, earnings first started

up?

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Α.	W	ell,	they	flu	ictuate	e a	litt	le	bit,	but,	yes
that's	the	firs	st pla	асе	where	you	see	a	marke	ed pa	ttern
in the	diff	feres	nce								

- Q. That was the warning that cigarettes might be hazardous?
 - A. (Nodding yes).
- Q. And then '71 marks the point where he started doing TV ads with smokeless tobacco and TV ads for cigarettes came off. How would you characterize the growth in earnings since that point for this company?
 - A. They had been exceptional.
- Q. Now, if you will, you mentioned this Fortune 500 a minute ago, said that in overall size this was the 476th largest company in the country; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, sir, I did.
- Q. Besides that figure. In terms of its profitability, is there anything that stands out about this corporation as being unique among all of the large corporations in the United States of America?
 - A. Yes. On the Fortune 500 they rank the companies by different criteria. One of them is by

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1	revenue, and that's how U.S. Tobacco is 476th. But
2	they also look at a number of other different
3	dimensions, and one of those dimensions is the profit
4	margin on sales.
5	So if you looked at earnings and compared
6	after-tax earnings to revenue, then you would find
7	out what proportion of your revenue you are actually
8	getting as a net profit. And with respect to net
9	profit in 1985, U.S. Tobacco was No. 1 on the Fortune
10	500.
11	Q. You mean in that measure of profitability,
12	that it was more profitable than all of the other 500
13	largest corporations in the United States?
14	A. Yes, with respect to that measure, for sure.
15	Q. More profitable than Exxon?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Coca-Cola?
18	A. Yes.
19	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please,
20	THE COURT: Sustained.
21	MR. JENNINGS: this is argumentative.
22	THE COURT: Sustained.
23	MR. BRALY: I have nothing further. 'Thank
24	you, Doctor Horrell.
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Ladies and gentlemen, we will

THE COURT:

1	take our afternoon recess at this time. We will
2	recess until 3:30, with my usual admonitions to you,
3	and everyone remain seated while the jury exits until
4	approximately 3:30.
5	Court will be in recess.
6	THE COURT: Be seated. Cross-examine.
7	CROSS EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. JENNINGS:
9	Q. Doctor Horrell, whose earnings for 1985
10	would you rather have, Exxon's or U.S. Tobacco's?
1 1	A. Exxon's.
1 2	Q. By far, wouldn't you?
13	A. Yes, sir.
1 4	Q. You didn't mean to suggest that U.S. Tobacco
15	made more money than Exxon, did you?
16	A. No, no. I thought I clearly said that we
17	were talking about the rate of profit per dollar of
18	sales.
19	Q. Are there any other companies you can think
2 0	of whose profits you would rather have than U.S.
21	Tobacco's?
22	A. That I would rather have than U.S.
23	Tobacco's?
2 4	Q. Yes.
25	A. Or the profit.

1	Q. That made more money than U.S. Tobacco?
2	A. Yes, there are a lot of them.
3	Q. A lot of them?
4	A. Sure.
5	Q. Now, incidentally, when you talk about
6	Fortune 500, does Fortune 500 list all the
7	corporations in the country according to size?
8	A. Well, they go through the manufacturers,
9	they go through the service, and they talk about some
10	subcategories other than that in different issues.
11	Q. Well, actually they don't list AT&T?
1 2	A. Yes, AT&T.
13	Q. How about public utilities? Are they listed
1 4	in there?
15	A. Yes, in some of their lists public utilities
16	are ranked.
17	Q. Some of them, but not in what is known as
18	the Fortune 500?
19	A. Yes, it is not the manufacturers Fortune
2 0	500, which is probably a more correct terminology,
21	but usually the manufacturers do represent the
2 2	largest group.
23	Q. So you were talking about the manufacturers
2 4	Fortune 500?
25	A. Yes, sir.

1	Q. And that wouldn't include AT&T?
2	A. Yes, it does.
3	Q. Does include AT&T?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. What other utilities does it include?
6	A. I don't know about other utilities. I don't
7	think it classifies AT&T as a utility, so I don't
8	think on the manufacturers list any other utilities
9	are listed.
10	Q. Thank you, sir.
11	THE COURT: Anything further?
12	MR. BRALY: I don't have anything further of
13	this witness, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: You may step down. You are
15	excused.
16	Call your next witness.
17	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, we would at this
18	time like to play that portion of the film entitled -
19	The Business of Pleasure, Plaintiff's Exhibit 344.
20	It is a 1979 film.
21	THE COURT: Come up.
22	MR. BRALY: We have got it cued up, I think,
23	where the Court can look at it.
2 4	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
25	BAR.)

MR. BRALY: Judge, what I propose to do is the film describes all of the company's internal operations. It is a film that was made for the company. It describes a bunch of things that are not directly relevant to this lawsuit. I would like to play a portion of the first of it for a couple of minutes that illustrates the smokeless tobacco portion of it. I would like to fast forward through to this portion that describes their sampling rodeos and play about two minutes out of that. minutes consist of some scenes at a rodeo, and it consists of a man or a woman holding a box that's got Copenhagen printed on the side just like it came out of the assembly line, and they are throwing cans into the crowd?

THE COURT: What does the defendant say?

MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, we object to it on the basis that they are seen within the company film. It is not to be shown to the public. Whether or not it represents an actual event, I have no way of knowing, and I just don't think it has any probative value.

MR. FINNEGAN: Further, Your Honor, I don't think it adds anything to what has already been testified to here. I mean we do appear at rodeo

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events, and they do sample; and I am told, my people at looked at it, that it's a Skoal product that's being thrown into the crowd. Now, I have not seen the film, Your Honor.

MR. BRALY: Judge, I can see it in slow motion. It has Copenhagen on the box.

MR. FINNEGAN: I don't think that is really the point in issue, Your Honor. I think this really adds nothing to the evidence that has already been introduced here.

MR. BRALY: Judge, with respect to their argument that this doesn't add anything. The evidence so far has been testimony by witnesses outside the company as to their sampling activities, which has been directly refuted by Mr. Garrison. We thought he went outside the scope of direct in doing that, but I understand the Court thought it was convenient to go ahead and have that take place. But he has done so.

This film is not evidence from some third party. This film constitutes an admission by the company, and those photographs speak in volumes and they don't last ten seconds, the key to it, but in order to understand the context of it, you would have to see the 60 seconds before it and the 60 seconds

afterwards. But we think that constitutes a corporate admission as to what their policies were.

THE COURT: I am going to sustain the objection. The reason I am, not that it is not relevant. I think it might be. I just think there has been an abundance of testimony and evidence along I think it would be redundant. there's been an admission by the company that it is handed out at public events at random, up and down the aisles at football games, and I think even though it would be redundant, I am going to sustain the objection.

MR. BRALY: Note our offer of proof of the film that it shows people holding factory cardboard boxes labeled with Copenhagen that are at a rodeo and they are throwing cans sort of like Frisbees into the crowd, that nobody is asking for anybody's age, that nobody is asking for anybody's ID, as has been testified to by Mr. Garrison directly in this trial; and we think that the evidence presented by this internal company document constitutes an admission as to the company practices that were intended to be followed by the company.

> THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. BRALY: We will submit it as a proposed

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1	exhibit.
2	THE COURT: That's fine.
3	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN
4	COURT.)
5	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, at this time, we
6	would like to read the stipulation with respect to
7	the statements by George Lazarus that were referred
8	to in the deposition of Mr. Bantle. The stipulation
9	is contained in the pretrial order.
10	THE COURT: Any objection to this?
11	MR. JENNINGS: No, Your Honor.
12	MR. BRALY: Could I get Your Honor to
13	explain the purpose of the stipulation?
14	THE COURT: I am not sure what this is.
15	MR. BRALY: All right. This is a
16	stipulation by the parties as to what the testimony
17	of George Lazarus, the reporter for the Chicago
18	Tribune, would have been with respect to these
19	statements.
20	The exhibit has already been shown to the
21	jury, but there is a stipulation as to what his
22	testimony would be as to the statements of the
23	chairman of the board had he been called as a
24	witness.

All right.

Ladies and

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THE COURT:

gentlemen, when the parties stipulate to a fact or to testimony, they are agreeing in this instance that if a certain person, Mr. Lazarus, I believe it was, were called to testify, that he would testify to certain They don't necessarily agree that that testimony is correct. They only agree that if he were called to testify, that is what he would say. Is that appropriately defined?

MR. JENNINGS: That is correct, Your Honor. Of course, Mr. Bantle did not deny those statements in his testimony.

> THE COURT: I understand.

MR. BRALY: The stipulation of the parties is that "the quoted portions of the newspaper story from George Lazarus presented to Mr. Bantle during his deposition may be introduced into evidence without objection by the defendant by stipulation, that if called to testify, the author of the story, George Lazarus, would testify that Louis F. Bantle made the quoted statements to George Lazarus. stipulation along with the quoted portions may be read to the jury."

Thank you, Your Honor.

At this time we would also offer what has been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 5. It is the

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1	report of the National Cancer Advisory Board. We
2	have an authenticated copy with it, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Why don't you go ahead and offer
4	that, and I will take that up later.
5	MR. BRALY: Okay.
6	THE COURT: Give it to her.
7	(Handed to the clerk).
8	MR. BRALY: We would next call Hugh Foley by
9	deposition and we intend to read it since apparently
10	one of the machines has got to disappear in the
11	morning before we can get through it.
12	DIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. BRALY:
14	THE COURT: Who is Mr. Foley?
15	MR. BRALY: He is the head of corporate
16	affairs for U.S. Tobacco Company.
17	THE COURT: Is there anything we need to
18	take up before we start reading the deposition, or
19	can we take them up as we go?
20	MR. FINNEGAN: I think we can take them up
21	as we go, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Thank you.
23	HUGH W. FOLEY,
24	called as a witness on behalf of the plaintiff
25	by deposition, testified as follows:

1	DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. BRALY:
3	Q. Mr. Foley, state your full name for the
4	record, please.
5	A. My name is Hugh W. Foley.
6	Q. How are you employed, Mr. Foley?
7	A. I am employed by U.S. Tobacco Company.
8	Q. How old are you, Mr. Foley?
9	A. I'm 45 years old.
10	Q. How long have you been employed by the U.S.
11	Tobacco Company?
12	A. I have been employed since February of 1981.
13	Q. And what was the first position that you
1 4	held with U.S. Tobacco Company?
15	A. My position was manager of corporate
16	affairs.
17	Q. What are the duties of the manager of
18	corporate affairs?
19	A. Communications, legislative, primarily,
20	those.
21	Q. What did you do before, immediately before
22	coming to work for the United States Tobacco Company?
23	A. I was with the National Association of
24	Tobacco Distributors.
25	Q. And what is that organization?

1	A. It's a trade organization, a national trade
2	association representing distributors of tobacco,
3	candy and other products.
4	Q. How long had you been with National
5	Association of Tobacco Distributors?
6	A. For one year.
7	Q. What had you done prior to that time?
8	A. Immediately prior to that I was with the New
9	York Chamber of Commerce and Industry.
10	Q. And prior to the employment with the New
11	York Chamber of Commerce and Industry?
12	A. I was with the Retail Merchants Association
13	of Houston, Texas.
14	Q. How long were you there?
15	A. Six years.
16	Q. Do you recall what years those were?
17	A. 1962 to 1968.
18	Q. How long were you with the New York Chamber
19	of Commerce and Industry?
20	A. For one year.
21	Q. So in 1968 you left the Retail Merchants of
22	Houston, Texas, and went to the New York Chamber of
23	Commerce and Industry?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	O And you were there for one warr?

1	λ.	Yes, sir.
2	Q.	Then you went to work for the National
3	Associat	ion of Tobacco Distributors?
4	Α.	Yes, sir, that's correct.
5	Ω.	And you were there for how long?
6	Α.	For one year.
7	Q -	That takes us up to about 1970.
8	Α.	I'm sorry, I if I said Sixties, it was
9	the Seve	nties.
10	Q.	Okay.
11	A.	I will make
12	Q.	That's the reason I started asking is
13	because :	it looked like we lost some years in there.
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	Okay. Then you would have been with the
16	Retail Me	erchants of Houston from 1972 to 1978?
17	A	Yes, sir, that's correct.
18	Q.	All right. And prior to 1972 how were you
19	employed	?
20	A .	I was employed by several radio-television
21	stations	in Houston, Texas.
22	Q.	In what capacity?
23	A .	In news, primarily as an editor, as à
24	reporter,	as a manager.
25	Q.	What was the reason for leaving the New York

1	Chamber of Commerce and Industry and going to the
2	National Association of Tobacco Distributors?
3	A. I was recruited by its managing director to
4	join the association.
5	Q. Okay. And tell the jury again what year it
6	was you went to work with United States Tobacco
7	Company.
8	A. 1981.
9	Q. What were the circumstances that caused you
10	to change jobs and join the United States Tobacco
11	Company?
12	A. I was fired by the managing director of the
13	NATD. I had become acquainted with some people at
14	U.S. Tobacco and I was hired at that point by them.
15	Q. What are the duties associated with the job
16	that you first held with U.S. Tobacco Company?
17	A. As I stated, communications or public
18	relations and legislative.
19	Q. What do you mean by "communications"?
20	A. Information gathering. I was the spokesman
21	for the company for a period of time, basically those
22	responsibilities.
23	Q. For how long were you a spokesman for the
24	company?
25	A. Until spring of 1985.

1	Q. Is there somebody else that is now a
2	spokesman for the company?
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. And who is that?
5	A. That would be Larry Allen.
6	Q. And he became the spokesman in the spring of
7	1985?
8	A. Yes, sir.
9	Q. Have you held any other positions with the
10	United States Tobacco Company besides the one you
11	just described?
12	A. No, sir. I'm still manager of corporate
13	affairs.
1 4	Q. What did you know about snuff before you
15	went to work for the National Association of Tobacco
16	Distributors?
17	A. Virtually nothing.
18	Q. I take it at that time that you didn't know
19	anything about snuff and you didn't know anything
20	about any health hazards associated with snuff,
21	because you just didn't know anything about the
22	subject at all.
23	A. I just didn't know anything about the
24	subject, yes, sir.
25	Q. So at the time that I guess about 1980 that

1	you went to work for the National Association of
2	Tobacco Distributors, you had not heard of any health
3	hazards associated with snuff; is that correct?
4	A. That's correct.
5	Q. You didn't have any knowledge of that?
6	A. No, sir.
7	Q. Where did you go to high school?
8	A. Highland Park High School, Dallas, Texas.
9	Q. What years did you graduate?
10	A. 1958.
11	Q. And that's a fairly wealthy and affluent
12	suburb in Dallas, Texas, isn't it?
13	A. Parts of it, yes, sir.
14	Q. And after you left Highland Park High
15	School, did you graduate college?
16	A. After high school I went into the military
17	service.
18	Q. How long were you there in the military?
19	A. For four years.
20	Q. After you got out of the military, what did
21	you do?
22	A. I went to college then.
23	Q. And where did you go to college?
24	A. I went to first to Lamar University in
25	Beaumont, Texas, and I graduated from the University

1	of Houston.
2	MR. JENNINGS: Excuse me. I object to the
3	next question, the question
4	THE COURT: I'm sorry. What page are you
5	on?
6	MR. BRALY: Page 8, Line 15.
7	Your Honor, we will offer it. I understand
8	the Court has already ruled on it, and I will skip it
9	with the understanding that we offer it.
10	THE COURT: That's Line 15 through 18?
11	MR. JENNINGS: 23, Your Honor.
12	MR. FINNEGAN: 23, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Go ahead. Sustained. Go ahead.
1 4	Q. Proceeding on. What was your degree at
15	college in Houston?
16	A. I have a BA in political science.
17	Q. You went straight out of there to work for
18	the Retail Merchants Association of Houston, Texas?
19	A. Yes, sir, approximately the same time. I
20	worked my way through college.
21	Q. That is hard and sometimes takes a little
22	longer, doesn't it?
23	A. Yes, sir, it does.
24	Q. What kinds of jobs did you hold while you
25	were working your way through college?

	Salar Mark Control of the Control of
1	A. As I stated, I worked in broadcast news
2	primarily.
3	Q. So you were When you say "broadcast
4	news," are you talking about news gathering and
5	reporting?
6	A. Yes, sir.
7	Q. Would you consider that a person has to be
8	fairly well informed and educated to properly do
9	those kinds of jobs?
10	A. I would like to think so, yes, sir.
11	Q. What is involved in doing the I believe
12	you used the word legislative work as part of the
13	office or the manager of corporate affairs duties.
14	A. It has varied over the past five years. We
15	have a larger staff now than we had five years ago.
16	It involved for me tracking legislation, maintaining
17	contact with state trade associations, making some
18	legislative contact. Those would be the basic areas
19	of it.
20	Q. Are you a member of any committees within
21	the U.S. Tobacco Company?
22	A. Yes, sir, I am.
23	Q. Would you describe those, please.
24	A. I am on the political action committee. I

serve on the corporate contributions committee,

1	am an alternate member of the state relations
2	committee or industry relations committee, excuse me.
3	Q. What is the political action committee?
4	A. It is a federal political action committee,
5	and there is a state political action committee for
6	the state of Connecticut.
7	Q. What is the function or purpose of your
8	federal political action committee?
9	A. To raise money from eligible employees, make
10	contributions to federal candidates as under the
11	federal election law.
12	Q. Does the United States Tobacco Company make
13	contributions to federal candidates for Congress?
14	A. No, sir, the company does not.
15	Q. However, the company organizes and you work
16	on a company-sponsored political action committee and
17	that committee does make those contributions?
18	A. Yes, sir.
19	Q. What is the committee on corporate
20	contributions?
21	A. The committee on corporate contributions
22	reviews requests from charities, nonprofit
23	organizations of a variety of sorts and recommends
24	contributions to those those groups.
25	Q. What is the industry relations committee?

1 In five years I am not sure that committee A. 2 has ever met. I really don't know. 3 So in the five years that you have been with 4 the company, you are not aware of any meetings having 5 taken place of the industry relations committee? 6 A. That's correct. 7 And that would be the period of time from 1981 to 1986? R Yes, sir. 9 A. 10 Looking through the documents of U.S. 11 Tobacco Company, I have noticed a program called an 12 honorarium program. Would you tell the jury what 13 that is about, please. 14 The honorarium program is not in my area of 15 responsibility. I can tell you what I know, but it is not in my department, or it is not in my 16 17 responsibility. 18 Tell us what you know or believe you know on 19 that subject. 20 Over the -- a period of time that I can't 21 tell you exactly how long, the company has invited 22 members of Congress to come and brief groups on 23 issues on the state of -- state of Congress. 24 essentially what the honorarium program, as far as I

know, is.

1	Q. Congressmen are given what you
2	euphemistically call an honorarium for coming and
3	doing this, aren't they?
4	A. Yes, sir, in some instances, to my
5	knowledge, those payments have been made to
6	designated charities of those members.
7	Q. I am not sure I understand your answer. Are
8	you saying that always happens?
9	A. No, sir, I am saying sometimes it does.
10	Q. On other occasions the money goes to the
11	Congressman?
12	A. I understand that that is a legal process,
13	sir.
l 4	Q. And how much are those honorariums?
l 5	A. I don't know.
16	Q. You have no idea?
٦ ا	A. No, sir.
8.	Q. Do you know the names of any of the
9	Congressmen that have been so honored?
20	A. Not offhand, no, sir.
21	Q. Do you know how many of them there have
22	been?
23	A. No, sir, I do not.
4	Q. Have there been more than half a dozen?
5	A. I really don't know.

1	Q.	You don't have any idea?
2	Α.	No, sir.
3	Ω.	Don't you attend these functions when the
4	Congress	men show up?
5	λ.	Not in the past about year-and-a-half.
6	Q.	Prior to that time, you did?
7	Α.	Yes, sir.
8	Q.	How many times did that happen in the
9	three-and	l-a-half years before that?
10	A.	In the period from '81 to the beginning of
11	'84?	
12	Q.	Yes, sir.
13	A.	Fewer than 10.
14	Q.	That you are aware of?
15	·A.	Yes, sir.
16	Q.	Now, does the U.S. Tobacco Company maintain
17	a prograi	n of periodic visits to Washington to meet
18	with Cong	gressmen?
19	A.	We have in the past, and as I stated, I have
20	not been	involved in that area for more than a year.
21	I don't 1	rnow what the plans are.
22	Q.	That has been done in the past?
23	Α.	Yes, sir, it has.
24	Q.	During those visits on occasions you would
25	meet with	a fairly substantial number of the members

1	of Congress, wouldn't you?
2	A. Yes, sir.
3	Q. More than a dozen?
4	A. Yes, sir.
5	Q. More than two dozen?
6	A. It would depend on the event, the part of
7	the visit.
8	Q. What is the most that you have ever met with
9	on any one of those expeditions to Washington?
10	A. You mean at a given event or
11	Q. Yes.
1 2	A. It would be strictly a guess, Mr. Braly, but
13	I think it would be in the range of 20 or 25.
l 4	MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, may we
l 5	approach the bench.
l 6	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
. 7	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
8	BAR.)
9	MR. JENNINGS: I think at this point
0 :	MR. BRALY: I am going to skip to Line 14,
1	so if you have got some objection
2	MR. JENNINGS: I think at this point I would
3	request the Court to instruct the jury that the U.S.
4	Tobacco Company has a constitutional right to contact
5	Congressmen, to be involved in the political process

1 What would you want me to THE COURT: 2 Just that? 3 MR. JENNINGS: We will let the Court choose 4 the wording that is appropriate, but I think the 5 impression is being left that there is something 6 illegal or improper about having contact with --7 I would not mind saying that the THE COURT: 8 company has a right under the Constitution to contact 9 their Congressmen and petition Congress and have 10 dealings with Congressmen, but the evidence is being 11 offered only on the issue of what, if anything, was 12 done in regard to warnings. Is that --13 MR. BRALY: That will be fine with me. 14 THE COURT: Is that --15 MR. JENNINGS: That's okav. 16 MR. FINNEGAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 (The following proceedings were had IN OPEN 18 COURT.) 19 Ladies and gentlemen, there is THE COURT: 20 testimony come out previously and at this time 21 concerning the company's contacts with Congressmen 22 and other government officials in Washington. 23 advise you that a company such as this certainly has 24 a constitutional right to deal with a Congressman and 25 to contact a Congressman and have contact with public

officials in Washington, and no one is suggesting to the contrary. The only reason this evidence is admitted at all is for the purpose of showing what, if anything, the company did in regard to warnings on their product.

Go ahead.

MR. BRALY: The question at Line 14.

- Q. Did the United States Tobacco Company issue instructions to the people working in the field with respect to what they were to say if some consumer inquired about the -- some problem, health problem, associated with the use of smokeless tobacco?
- A. I'm not sure specifically there. We have in areas where I was working in the past issued memos, directing field people to contact corporate headquarters. I am not sure specifically as you stated the question.
- Q. Well, what instructions were given to your field people as to how to handle inquiries about health hazards associated with smokeless tobacco?
- A. Mr. Braly, the area in which I am familiar was -- or is that at one point the field people were told if they were contacted by the media, that those calls were to be referred to Greenwich.

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Q. To your office?

1 A. To the corporate affairs office, yes, 2 That was your office then. Q. 3 Yes, sir. 4 0. Any other instructions? 5 Not that I am aware of, sir. 6 Ω. The employees that worked out in the field, 7 to the best of your knowledge, then, were not given 8 any instructions as to a particular statement or 9 response they were supposed to make if somebody asked 10 about a health problem with one of your snuff 11 products? 12 I believe, Mr. Braly, to the best of my A. 13 recollection, that they were told the position of the 14 company and I believe they were provided a brochure 15 prepared by the Smokeless Tobacco Council to which we 16 belong. 17 Mr. Foley, isn't it a fact that they were 18 specifically instructed to make a short statement 19 that it had never been proven that smokeless tobacco 20 caused any harm and to say absolutely nothing else 21 and refer all other matters back to your office? 22 The position of the company, Mr. Braly, is 23 that it has not been scientifically established that 24 use of smokeless tobacco products has been proven to

cause any human disease or oral cancer.

If they were

so instructed, I believe that would have been the way 1 2 it would have been stated.

- Well, I am asking you, were they so instructed?
- I don't recollect the specific language of the instructions, Mr. Braly.
- Well, Mr. Foley, tell the jury what you do Q. recollect.
- A. It is my recollection that the position of the company, as I have stated it, was included and that I do remember that if any -- they were approached by the news media, that that was the responsibility of the corporate affairs department and those calls should be referred to us.
- Weren't they given a set of instructions Q. that said if they were asked about health issues, that the proper response to a question like that is that there has never been anything proven to support the notion that smokeless tobacco is harmful and if the consumer persists on this issue, simply tell them this is all you know, and if they need any other information, to contact U.S. Tobacco Public Affairs Department in Greenwich, Connecticut, at Area Code 203, 661-1100.

THE READER: The answer at the top of page

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1	20.
2	MR. BRALY: Yes.
3	A. I have never seen this document before, Mr.
4	Braly.
5	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Well, Mr. Foley, isn't that
6	in fact what the people were instructed to do,
7	irrespective of whether you have ever seen that
8	particular piece of paper?
9	A. I don't know that, Mr. Braly. I also don't
10	know where it was marked by the stamp.
11	MR. BRALY: Skip to Page 21, Line 24.
12	Q. Mr. Foley, isn't it the fact that all of the
13	people working for U.S. Tobacco Company were
14	instructed that if they were contacted on health
15	questions, they were to contact your office?
16	A. Yes, sir.
17	Q. So they weren't to provide any useful
18	information to concerned consumers; is that correct?
19	A. It's my recollection, Mr. Braly, that people
20	in the company were provided with the company's
21	position and that so information could be
22	coordinated at one point, questions from the field on
23	a variety of subjects were referred to the corporate
24	affairs department, yes, sir.
/ h	O AND THE INTOTMETION that was non-cidad to

position that it has not been scientifically

1	established as a cause of any human disease,
2	including oral cancer.
3	Q. Mr. Foley, my question was the company would
4	not be proud of a product that was not a safe
5	product, would it?
6	A. Not be proud of a not
7	Q. Are you having some difficulty with that
8	question?
9	A. Yes, sir, I am.
10	Q. Your company takes the position it is proud
11	of its products, right?
12	A. Yes, sir, we do.
13	Q. Would your company be proud of a product if
1 4	it was not safe?
15	A. The company, it is my understanding, Mr.
16	Braly, while taking the position I have stated, has
17	not said that the product is safe or not safe.
18	MR. BRALY: The court reporter read back the
19	last question, which was "Would your company be
20	proud of a product if it was not safe"?
21	A. I'm not sure I understand what you mean by
22	"safe," Mr. Braly.
23	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Foley,
24	MR. BRALY: Whereupon the question was read
25	again. The question being: "Would your company be

	· •
1	proud of a product if it was not safe?
2	THE READER: I'm at page 25, Line 17?
3	MR. BRALY: Yes.
4	A. I'm still not certain that I understand how
5	you are defining "safety" or "safe," Mr. Braly.
6	Q. Well, tell me how you define the word, then,
7	sir.
8	A. I'm not sure I can give you an adequate
9	definition, Mr. Braly, of what the word means.
10	That's why I asked you if you would explain to me
11	what you were asking.
1 2	Q. Mr. Foley, are you telling the jury in this
1 3	trial that you don't understand what the word "safe"
1 4	means used in the context of that question?
15	A. That's correct, sir.
16	Q. You have used a phrase today and that is
17	that it has not been scientifically established that
18	this product causes any disease in humans. I presume
19	you understand that phrase that you have used several
2 0	times already today.
21	A. Yes, sir.
22	Q. Would you tell the jury what you mean by
23	"scientifically established"?
24	A. That it has not been shown as a cause of any
25	human disease including oral cancon

1	of the question.
2	Q. If you don't understand what the word "safe"
3	means, do you suppose that there's lots of other
4	people out there don't understand it, either?
5	A. I really don't know.
6	Q. But you do understand what the words
7	"scientifically established" mean; is that correct?
8	A. I'm a lay person, not a scientist. I have
9	an understanding, yes, sir.
10	Q. You have a working understanding of the
11	words "scientifically established"?
12	A. Yes, sir.
13	Q. But you don't have a working understanding
14	of the word "safe"? Is that what I am to gather from
15	your statements?
16	A. Are you saying I just don't understand
17	the way you are asking the question.
18	Q. The question is would your company be proud
19	of a product that was not safe.
20	A. I'm still having trouble with that, Mr.
21	Braly. I apologize.
22	Q. Let me see if I can help you, Mr. Foley.
23	Let me see if I can ask you that question another
24	way.

A.

25

Okay.

and you did not understand what the word "dangerous"

1	means?
2	A. I think what I don't understand, Mr. Braly,
3	is the use of the words in the question that you
4	asked me.
5	Q. Are you telling the jury that you cannot
6	comprehend the question that I stated as follows:
7	"Would the United States Tobacco Company be proud of
8	a product that is dangerous?"
9	A. And as I stated, sir, I have to ask for a
10	definition of the word in your question to understand
11	it well enough to answer it.
12	Q. But you don't have to ask for a definition
13	of the words "scientific established" in order to use
14	that pat phrase, do you?
15	A. Could I ask you to state the question again,
16	now.
17	Q. Sure, I will have the court reporter read it
18	back to you.
19	But you don't have to ask for a definition
20	of the words "scientific established" in order to use
21	that pat phrase, do you?
22	A. I don't consider the company's position to
23	be a pat phrase, Mr. Braly.
24	MR. BRALY: The question was reread.
25	Q. But you don't have to ask for a definition

1	of the words "scientifically established" in order to
2	use that pat phrase, do you?
3	A. No, sir, I do not.
4	Q. So now you are telling me that you are using
5 .	the phrase, but you don't understand what
6	"scientifically established" means? Mr. Foley,
7	didn't you just
8	MR. BRALY: I am on Page 32.
9	Q. Mr. Foley, didn't you just a moment ago tell
10	the jury that you didn't have to understand what the
11	words "scientifically established" meant in order to
12	use that phrase?
13	A. I understood it in the context of the
14	question, Mr. Braly. I didn't understand the other
15	terms in the context of the questions. That's where
16	I am confused.
17	Q. I want to try and summarize this and bring
18	this line of questioning to a close. Do I understand
19	you correctly that you are telling the jury under
20	oath that you do understand what the term
21	"scientifically established" means?
22	A. As a lay person, yes, sir.
23	Q. In the context of that phrase that you used,
24	but that you do not understand what the word "safe"
25	means in the context of the question that I asked in

1	that respect, and you do not understand what the word
2	"dangerous" means in the context of the question in
3	which I use that word?
4	A. I'm not sure that I do, Mr. Braly.
5	MR. BRALY: Excuse me. I believe there's
6	another question that needs to come in.
7	The question is:
8	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Foley, do you understand
9	the question?
10	A. I am not sure that I do, Mr. Braly.
11	Q. All right. In order to make it quite
1 2	simple, and therefore maybe somewhat plainer, are you
13	telling the jury that you understand what the words
1 4	"scientifically established" mean when I used the
15	phrase "smokeless tobacco has not been scientifically
1 6	established to be a cause of any human disease"?
1 7	"Yes" or "no"?
18	A. Yes, sir.
19	Q. Are you telling the jury that you do not
2 0	understand what the word "safe" means when I ask you
21	if the U.S. Tobacco Company would be proud of a
22	product that is not safe?
23	A. That is correct, sir.
2 4	Q. And you don't understand what "safe" means
25	in that phrase in that question?

1	A. In your question, yes, sir.
2	Q. And, likewise, when I ask that question in
3	the converse form, that is, would the United States
4	Tobacco Company be proud of a dangerous product, you
5	don't understand what the word "dangerous" means?
6	A. That's correct, sir.
7	Q. Mr. Foley, has the U.S. Tobacco Company ever
8	used an advertising slogan
9	MR. JENNINGS: Excuse me, if the Court
10	please
11	MR. FINNEGAN: May we approach the bench.
12	THE COURT: What line are we on?
13	MR. FINNEGAN: We are on Line 34, Your
1 4	Honor.
15	MR. JENNINGS: Page 34, Line 9.
16	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
17	BAR.)
18	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, this
19	testimony relates to Skoal Bandits taking a pouch
20	instead of a puff, and the Attorney General of the
21	State of New York, I believe the Court has ruled that
22	that's not admissible in another context. Within the
23	last day or so.
24	MR. BRALY: I don't think Skoal Bandits were
25	ever mentioned.

ever mentioned.

1	MR. JENNINGS: That's where the slogan
2	MR. FINNEGAN: That's where the slogan comes
3	from, is take a pouch instead of a puff. And this
4	goes down to the bottom of Page 35, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: What do you say, Mr. Braly?
6	MR. BRALY: No. 1, they didn't object to it
7	during the deposition and, two, it doesn't mention
8	Skoal Bandits. I am simply asking about their
9	advertising slogan.
10	THE COURT: I will sustain the objection.
11	MR. FINNEGAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: That will go down to
13	MR. FINNEGAN: The last line
14	THE COURT: I think we start on Line 3 on
15	page 36, I believe, would be the
16	MR. FINNEGAN: Thank you.
17	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN COURT.)
18	Q. Mr. Foley, let me hand you what has been
19	marked as the Plaintiff's Deposition Exhibit No. 2.
20	Can you tell the jury what that document is?
21	MR. FINNEGAN: Mr. Braly,
22	May we approach the bench, Your Honor?
23	(The following proceedings were had AT THE SIDE
24	BAR.)
25	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please,

Deposition Exhibit No. 2 deals with letter writing activities and other political activity, but it has nothing to do with any warning label or any warning It is just a way in which they can reach out to people in the tobacco family and communicate with them. This does not relate to any of the warning issues which I understood to be the basis of the Court's ruling on political activity.

> THE COURT: Is this necessary?

MR. BRALY: Well, Judge, it just ties in with the rest of his testimony as a part of the whole -- when he finally gets around to testifying about how many members of Congress and their staff were at the meeting in Washington. It sets forth their Washington Congressional visits on the second page of the document, reinforcing the management's contacts with members of Congress and important members of the executive branch.

THE COURT: What is your objection? I am not sure what --

MR. FINNEGAN: Well, this doesn't really relate to any visits to Washington specifically with regard to the warning issue, Your Honor. This is just sort of a general way in which the company keeps up its political contacts. This doesn't indicate

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1	that they did go to Washington to do this.
2	THE COURT: Is it really worth much
3	argument, because there is an abundance of evidence
4	about their contacts.
5	MR. BRALY: We have an abundance.
6	THE COURT: I will sustain the objection to
7	Defendant's Exhibit well, it is Deposition Exhibit
8	2.
9	MR. FINNEGAN: Where does it pick up with,
10	the testimony?
11	THE COURT: Why don't we skip over to
12	MR. BRALY: Actually, it starts, Judge, the
13	document is deleted until Page 39, where I ask him
1 4	the question point blank, so we need the document
15	because it is the foundation for the question at Line
16	16.
17	MR. FINNEGAN: Which question?
18	MR. BRALY: Line 16, Page 35. The document
19	was the foundation for that question. I don't have
20	to introduce the document, if I can just read the
21	man's testimony, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Any objection to that?
23	MR. FINNEGAN: We do, Your Honor, but we
24	understand the Court's ruling and if that comes
25	within it, then

1	THE COURT: I am not clear. On what Page
2	42, what are you trying to show here? You are far
3	afield here, political action committees
4	and
5	MR. BRALY: Judge, let me see if I can find
6	it, a chunk here. I agree some of this does get far
7	afield.
8	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, I would
9	also like to point out that the next exhibit was
10	generated after the decedent's death, and that goes
11	on, according to my markings for sometime.
12	MR. BRALY: The record starts talking
13	specifically about the association between health
14	issues and youth issues.
15	THE COURT: I am going to sustain the
16	objection on this exhibit and the testimony about it.
17	If it is relevant at all, I think it is just so
18	tangential that I don't think it is necessary. I
19	think it is redundant and
20	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, skipping from 46 all
21	the way to the bottom of 48.
22	MR. FINNEGAN: 46 to 49 deals with Skoal
23	Bandits.
24	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, with respect to the
2 5	

first document --

1	THE COURT: Excuse me.
2	MR. BRALY: With respect to the first
3	document, the only thing that I am really concerned
4	about getting in is the testimony there on Page 39,
5	starting at Line 10 where he says that this would
6	include activities on the issue of proposed
7	legislation to put warning labels on smokeless
8	tobacco. All I want to do is lay a foundation to get
9	that in.
10	THE COURT: I will allow that question. You
11	can read the question and from Line 10 through
12	Line 19 on Page 39.
13	MR. BRALY: It starts with the answer on
1 4	Line 10.
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	MR. BRALY: I will just let him start with
17	the answer, read, that will be sufficient.
18	THE COURT: Now, it appears that the next
19	line of questioning involves Skoal Bandits, and the
20	way I have read it, it goes down to Line 8 on Page
21	51, where it talks about
22	MR. BRALY: Well, through the top of 46, the
23	answer that he gives, says, "It's my understanding,
24	Mr. Braly, that there are and have always been a
25	number of work places where smoking was prohibited or

1	dangerous and that our products have been offered as
2	an alternative to the tobacco user
3	THE COURT: What is the relevance of that?
4	MR. BRALY: Safe alternative to cigarettes.
5	THE COURT: They are talking there though
6	about safe as far as it's not safe for health
7	reasons. They are just talking about it being less
8	dangerous than the cigarette to use.
9	MR. BRALY: I think there is a good
10	inference, if you don't see it that way, I doubt if
11	the jury will, either, so let's press on to 51.
12	THE COURT: Page 51, it is talking about
13	"Pic n' Chews"?
14	MR. BRALY: Yes.
15	THE COURT: Is there an objection to that?
16	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please,
17	MR. JENNINGS: Page 51.
18	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, this is
19	another document which deals with general activities
20	of the company. I don't believe that this has
21	anything to do with knowing, lobbying on a warning
22	issue. They did make visits to Congress. This is a
23	little piece within the company that talks about
24	that.
25	MR. BRALY: Well, Judge, one of the

1	questions ends up with
2	THE COURT: I'll tell you what. On this, I
3	will allow in the questioning, but I just don't think
4	that is going to be helpful, the exhibit, itself.
5	MR. BRALY: That should take us through the
6	end of the day.
7	MR. FINNEGAN: Okay that goes from 51 to
8	where, 55?
9	THE COURT: Yes, on the middle of 55.
10	MR. FINNEGAN: I believe I have an objection
1 1	to Exhibit 6, but you want to go through and take it
1 2	to 55?
13	THE COURT: Yes.
1 4	MR. BRALY: Go back to 35.
15	(The following proceedings were had IN OPEN
۱6	COURT.)
l 7	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) If you would, please, look
l 8	at Page 39.
L 9	A. I have it.
2 0	Q. And call your attention to Line 10. There
21	is an answer there. Would you commence with that
2 2	answer, sir?
23	A. The goal or the recommendation of this memo
2 4	was based on the system that a great many companies
5	use Mr Braly and that is to get their employees

1	and others involved in the event of legislative
2.	activity so that they could express their opinion at
3	the time, at the appropriate time.
4	Q. That would include their opinion on proposed
5	legislation to put warning labels on smokeless
6	tobacco; correct?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	THE COURT: I think I would start at Line 3
9	on Page 52, Mr. Braly.
10	MR. BRALY: All right.
11	THE COURT: I think that will be
12	appropriate.
13	MR. BRALY: Page 52, Line 3.
1 4	Q. Mr. Foley, earlier in your testimony you
15	mentioned that you had only contacted a couple of
16	dozen Congressmen and Senators. Isn't it true that
17	this document reflects that on this political
18	involvement committee meeting in Washington that you
19	made personal calls on Capitol Hill among 33 senators
2 0	and representatives. Excuse me, 83. I beg your
21	pardon.
22	A. As I read that paragraph, Mr. Braly, it says
23	that members of our political involvement committee
2.4	paid personal calls and that a combination of 83

senators, representatives and some of their senior

I would be glad to read it if he doesn't

adopted it.

1	want to.
2	MR. FINNEGAN: Go ahead and read it.
3	MR. BRALY: Line 20, by Mr. Finnegan.
4	MR. FINNEGAN: I will read that. I state
5	for the record that these are not candid shots. They
6	are photographs of various people working at the U.S.
7	Tobacco and people from Congress.
8	Q. (BY MR. BRALY) Mr. Foley, would you like to
9	adopt your attorney's description of what those
10	photographs are?
11	A. I would say, Mr. Braly, they were a report
12	on this Congressional visit to the eligible members
13	of the political involvement committee to whom this
14	newsletter was mailed.
15	Q. And those are photographs of various members
16	of U.S. Tobacco and members of Congress and their
17	staff that were taken at this function in which 500
18	people or more attended?
19	. A. No, sir.
20	Q. They are not?
21	A. No, sir, they're not. Some of them may be,
22	but not all of them were.
23	Q. All right. The visit covered several
24	days
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The visit covered several days, if you

1	notice, June 1 through 3 in Paragraph 1.
2	Q. So it was a three-day visit then to
3	Washington?
4	A. Two-and-a-half, three, yes, sir.
5	Q. Over which these photographs were taken?
6	A. Yes, sir.
7	Q. Is this a regular publication of the
8	political involvement committee of the United States
9	Tobacco Company?
10	A. It was until well, it was my
11	responsibility until the beginning of last year. I
12	have not been involved in this since that time.
13	Q. The answer to my question is that, yes, it
14	is a regular publication of the U.S. Tobacco
15	political involvement committee.
16	A. I don't know whether it is or not right now.
17	Q. It was while you were running it?
18	A. Yes, sir.
19	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we are
20	going to go ahead and recess now for the afternoon a
21	little early today. We will reconvene tomorrow at
22	9:30 with my usual admonitions to you for the
23	evening. You will be excused until 9:30 in the
24	morning.

Everyone remain seated while the jury exits.

(The following proceedings were had out of the 1 2 presence and hearing of the jury.) THE COURT: Let's go ahead, counsel, and 3 4 what is the next subject? I understand there is an 5 objection to it. If the Court please, --6 MR. FINNEGAN: THE COURT: What is next, Mr. Finnegan? 7 MR. FINNEGAN: Yes, if the Court please. 8 We 9 object to the exhibit, Deposition Exhibit 6, and the 10 testimony relating thereto which runs Pages 55 to 57. 11 This Exhibit 6 is a document dated July 26, 1984, and it is entitled "Political Strategy for 1984," and we 12 13 don't --THE COURT: Any reason why this shouldn't 14 15 come under my prior rulings, counsel? I know you 1.6 disagree with them, but is there any reason they 17 wouldn't apply? 18 MR. BRALY: Which ones are you referring to? 19 THE COURT: Deposition Exhibit 6, which is Political Strategy for 1984, dated July 26, 1984. 20 21 MR. BRALY: Judge, if the order of the Court 22 is that there is nothing that happened after Sean 23 Marsee died that is relevant to the state of mind of the tobacco company, then it comes within the ambit 24 25 of the Court's order.

1	THE COURT: I will sustain that objection
2	then.
3	MR. BRALY: Note our offer of the exhibit.
4	THE COURT: What is the exhibit, the trial
5	exhibit number? What would be that be?
6	MR. BRALY: Exhibit 206.
7	MR. FINNEGAN: 160.
8	MR. BRALY: 206.
9	THE CLERK: 206.
10	THE COURT: What are we doing in regard to
11	exhibits that haven't been offered?
12	THE CLERK: I don't keep them.
13	MR. BRALY: I have got them all. I have
14	been marking them "offered" and "refused."
15	(Sotto voce colloguy was here had between the
16	Court and the clerk.)
17	THE COURT: How long is the testimony going
18	to go on that? Do you know?
19	MR. FINNEGAN: It goes up to 57, Your Honor,
20	at about Line 15. And then they begin with Exhibit
21	No. 7.
22	THE COURT: Your same objection on
23	Exhibit 7?
24	MR. FINNEGAN: Well, Exhibit 7 is the same
25	objection, and in addition to that, Your Honor, the

1	Stratton bill dealt with advertisements on the strategy
2	television, as I recall. It didn't have anything to
3	do with the warning issue.
4	THE COURT: I will sustain the objection on
5	the same basis to Exhibit 7.
6	Do you have the same objection to
7	Exhibit 8?
8	MR. FINNEGAN: Yes, Your Honor. Let me just
9	check.
10	THE COURT: March 30th, 1984.
11	MR. FINNEGAN: Yes, Your Honor.
1 2	THE COURT: It would appear to be a similar
13	type of exhibit, and I will sustain the objection
14	to 8.
15	MR. BRALY: Let me see, what is the
16	document?
1 7	THE COURT: It is a Nick Buoniconti
18	memorandum about the same Stratton bill, the Stratton
19	bill or
20	MR. BRALY: Okay. What is the date on it?
2 1	THE COURT: March 30th, '84.
2,2	MR. FINNEGAN: Your Honor, the testimony
23	relating to the next exhibit to which we object
24	begins on Page 60, Line 3, and this is a U.S. Tobacco
25	newsletter which does relate to various activities of

1 the political involvement committee, but I don't 2 believe that it has any bearing on the warning issue, 3 and it looks to be April --4 THE COURT: It is April '85. 5 April, '85, yes, sir. MR. JENNINGS: 6 If the Court please, I MR. FINNEGAN: 7 believe this might be '83. 8 THE COURT: I believe it might be, too. 9 MR. FINNEGAN: But I believe that is after 10 the diagnosis of Sean's cancer and so, therefore, any 11 political activity at that time would be irrelevant 12 to this case, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: What do you say about 9, Mr. 14 Braly? 15 MR. BRALY: Just a minute. Let me see the 16 exhibit. 17 (Handed to counsel). 18 MR. BRALY: Well, it talks about -- it is a 19 good example of the company's activities. 20 instance, the third paragraph from the bottom and the 21 paragraph before in particular says, "If you hear 22 anything, please contact us." And then the next 23 paragraph says, "Legislation has been introduced in a 24 number of states on a variety of issues important to

Product sampling regulations have been suggested

1	in a number of states."
2	THE COURT: Where are you reading? I'm
3	not
4	MR. BRALY: Reading this paragraph right
5	here (indicating). The third paragraph, the third
6	grammatical paragraph from the bottom. Just an
7	example of their organized effort to
8	Judge, I don't care too much about the
9	document. I do want to ask him the questions.
10	THE COURT: All right. Let's go on to the
11	questions and see. We are on Page 60?
12	MR. BRALY: Yes, sir.
13	THE COURT: What do you want him to go
1 4	into? I am not sure
15	MR. BRALY: I just wanted to read the short
16	series of questions there at the top of Page 60 and
17	ask him if this is another example of those periodic
18	company newsletters, one of a long series of
19	newsletters that you sent out on the subject of the
20	political action committee of the U.S. Tobacco
21	Company. He says, "We did that every quarter."
2 2	THE COURT: I don't mind that. The next
23	couple of pages seem kind of
24	MR. BRALY: Your Honor, the next couple of

As a matter of fact, I am

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pages I am skipping.

	Control Control
1	planning on skipping all the way to Page 65.
2	MR. FINNEGAN: So you are skipping then from
3	60 to 65?
4	MR. BRALY: Yes.
5	MR. FINNEGAN: Which line?
6	MR. BRALY: Line 14.
7	THE COURT: Is this document in evidence, or
8	did I sustain the objection to the one we are talking
9	about here?
10	MR. BRALY: 27 from Bantle's exhibit.
11	MR. FINNEGAN: I thought the Court said that
12	the document would not come in, but that then there
13	would be I think we were discussing the testimony.
14	MR. BRALY: Which document?
15	MR. FINNEGAN: Excuse me.
16	THE COURT: What concerns me
17	MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, I think
18	Mr. Braly said he wasn't too interested in the
19	document, he was more interested in the testimony. I
20	am not sure the Court has ruled on that.
21	MR. BRALY: Going back to Page 60.
22	THE COURT: 65.
23	MR. BRALY: That's where I thought we were.
24	That's what I understood on the previous document.
25	You are talking about this document that I started

asking questions about. That document is already in 2 evidence. Which exhibit is that? 3 FINNEGAN: It is Exhibit 27 to Mr. Bantle's 4 MR. BRALY: 5 deposition. 6 MR. FINNEGAN: We had objections to Exhibit 27 as to the questioning, because that relates to the 7 marketing of Skoal Bandits, Your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: It appears to do that. Judge, there are just one or two 10 MR. BRALY: 11 lines there that do. No. 2, the document is in evidence. I don't mind deleting the specific 12 reference to Skoal Bandits particularly, but the 1.3 14 questions that follow it, for instance, at the top of 15 67. See, Judge, they had been sampling this 16 Bandits for a year around the country before Sean got 17 sick, and they knew that they were going to position 18 19 the Bandits directly against cigarettes, and that's 20 how come the document has its reference to Bandits, 21 because they had been doing all this. I mean they 22 had been marketing in test markets all over the 23 country before Sean got sick, and so the testimony right here would "'go directly against cigarette 24

smokers with Bandits.'

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Do you see that?

"Yes, sir, I do." 2 Then do you see a few lines above that? 3 THE COURT: I'm sorry. I'm sorry. are you? 5 MR. BRALY: I am at the bottom of Page 66. 6 THE COURT: When was this document published 7 that we are talking about? MR. FINNEGAN: This is the one, Your Honor, 8 that Mr. Braly showed to Mr. Bantle in his videotape 9 10 deposition, and Mr. Bantle said that he could find no 11 date on it, and Mr. Braly agreed that they could find 12 no date on it, but the Bandit campaign, Your Honor, -- Bandits came on the market in the fall of 13 '83, and so it must have been, I would assume, 14 15 sometime in '83, Your Honor. 16 Judge, that document contained MR. BRALY: references in the document to what they were doing in 17 18 response to the January 12th, 1983, letter by 19 Chairman Bantle, and had attachments to it that were 20 generated the week of January the 18th by other 21 documentary references. The company had been test marketing Skoal Bandits all over the country for some 22 23 considerable period of time and --24 What are you wanting to show? THE COURT:

Oh, I just want to show I am

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MR. BRALY:

1 just using it as a foundation question to the 2 question at the top of Page 67. MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, this 3 4 document came in not as it related to Skoal Bandits, 5 but as it related to other matters. I believe there 6 was some testimony, there was some questions about 7 warning notices here in this line of questions. 8 Braly is asking Mr. Foley, who is a public relations 9 person, about a marketing campaign that really dealt 10 with Skoal Bandits, a product that Sean never used 11 and a product that came on the market only after he 12 was diagnosed as having cancer. 13 THE COURT: They are recommending that they 14 want to clearly establish the product, I guess that 15 is Skoal Bandits, as being a smokeless, no smoke, no 16 inhaling, is that what they are wanting to do? 17 top of Page 67, is that what --18 MR. BRALY: Well, actually these lines came out of -- I would have to get the document, but these 19 20 lines came out of the document before the reference 21 to Skoal Bandits. 22 MR. FINNEGAN: What is that you are talking 23 about, Mr. Braly? 24 MR. JENNINGS: Right here (indicating).

Page 67.

It is Page --1 THE COURT: 2 MR. BRALY: Let me see if I can get it. 3 THE COURT: Here, I have got it, Page 179. 4 MR. BRALY: This was a longer list of things 5 that they were going to do, Your Honor. THE COURT: I will overrule the objection in 6 7 regard to at least that first paragraph on Page 67. 8 MR. BRALY: The other thing --9 THE COURT: Excuse me now. I'm sorry. On 10 Line 21, Page 66, I'll sustain the objection about 11 Skoal Bandits. I will allow in the next page, Page 12 67, talking about clearly established product 13 smokeless, no smoke, no inhaling. 14 MR. BRALY: Okay. 15 THE COURT: These recommendations appear to 16 be talking somewhat about Skoal Bandits and in other 17 regards about the products generally, so 18 MR. BRALY: Judge, I want to point out one 19 thing the Court may not be familiar with is the 20 company had a portion pack product like Skoal Bandits 21 for many years prior to this. Their Good Luck 22 product was on the market. As a matter of fact, I 23 think it is what directly came out of the Lotus 24 Project, and they really hadn't pushed it and they

finally reformulated it and changed it all around and

1	came up with Skoal Bandits in '83. That's why you
2	see up above in there where a statement says, "Target
3	portion pack commercials directly against cigarette
4	smokers." They had an ongoing portion pack product.
5	That is just background information.
6	THE COURT: Let's omit the bottom of 66. We
7	are talking about Skoal Bandits.
8	MR. BRALY: I have got it noted.
9	THE COURT: And we will allow the top of 67.
10	The next thing then would be I will allow that.
11	Do you know where your next objection is?
12	MR. FINNEGAN: The Court will be pleased to
13	hear we don't have any more objections.
1 4	THE COURT: No more objections.
15	MR. FINNEGAN: I don't think there is
16	anything else we want to press, Your Honor.
17	THE COURT: You mean we can go home.
1,8	MR. FINNEGAN: We can go home.
19	MR. BRALY: Judge, I have got a list of two
20	or three matters
21	THE COURT: All right.
22	MR. BRALY: to be taken up.
2,3	THE CLERK: What did you do with Deposition
24	Exhibit 9, the exhibit?
25	THE COURT: Excuse me, Deposition Exhibit 9?

MR. BRALY: This is the order with respect. to Conly Marsee's medical records, Your Honor, that we talked about last Friday. MR. FINNEGAN: We have no objection. THE COURT: All right.

MR. BRALY: Your Honor, we have filed a motion reurging this business with Doctor Rohrer and Doctor Young. It has been pending now for a week or ten days. I haven't seen a response. reargued that and would like to reurge the Court on that issue. I suppose that we could come back with it on rebuttal, but we would sure like to have our subpoena reinstated.

THE COURT: Well, I read your motion, and it was -- I don't see any reason to change my prior ruling that they weren't listed, and I think there's been sufficient scientific evidence submitted in the case as it is, so I don't think it will be helpful.

All right. I want to ask the MR. BRALY: Court for clarification. I understand from -- I haven't tried a case in front of you, but I understand from our lawyers that you have, that you have fairly routinely allowed the statements by opposing sides' experts in as admissions against those parties, and we would propose to do that at

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1	various points with respect to Doctor Rohrer and
2	Doctor Young, and I am really inquiring as to the
3	Court's position on that.
4	THE COURT: I don't know that it has
5	actually ever come up before. You want to do that
6	now?
7	MR. BRALY: Well, no, but I mean I am going
8	to yes, there's actually I anticipate when they
9	start putting on witnesses that I am going to want to
10	do that quite frequently.
11	THE COURT: Let me think about that, and you
12	all can think about it, also.
13	MR. JENNINGS: I am not sure I understand
14	what he's talking about.
15	THE COURT: He's saying that Doctor Rohrer
16	and Doctor Young are your witnesses and statements
17	they made could be used as admissions against you.
18	MR. JENNINGS: Extrajudicial statements?
·19	THE COURT: I guess their deposition
20	statements.
21	MR. BRALY: Their deposition statements.
22	MR. JENNINGS: I never heard of that
23	without, but I
24	THE COURT: We can both think about it or
25	all think about it.

1 Somebody told me that you had MR. BRALY: 2 allowed them to do that with respect to an expert in 3 an automobile accident case. THE COURT: I might have. I might have. 5 MR. BRALY: It appeared to me while it was 6 inventive lawyering, that it was probably proper under the rules. 8 THE COURT: What is the admission? 9 you talking about, what he is saying? 10 Well, those gentlemen in their MR. BRALY: 11 depositions, for instance, the Deborah Winn Study was 12 an excellent study, one of those gentlemen in his 13 deposition stated that it was -- that good doctors 14 every day relied upon the results of laboratory 15 animal studies for making cause and effect 16 determinations in human beings, and these are all 17 things that I anticipate the experts that they bring 18 to this courtroom are going to deny, and I think it 19 would be appropriate if the jury knew that the 20 experts hired by this tobacco company were taking 21 positions that were inconsistent with each other. 22 THE COURT: Were Doctor Young and Doctor 2.3 Rohrer experts retained by the defendant?

expert witnesses over a year ago, and I noticed them,

They were retained and listed as

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MR. BRALY:

1 subpoenaed them for their depositions, and they 2 confessed that they had been retained and had been 3 told to send a bill when they got through preparing 4 and testifying. 5 MR. JENNINGS: If the Court please, I don't know what the word "retained" means in the concept of 6 7 These are people that we talked to, found 8 out what their opinions were, asked if they would be willing to come in and testify. They said they 10 would. We listed them as witnesses, and we have 11 every intention of calling at least one of them. 12 That will eliminate the problem THE COURT: 13 then. 14 MR. JENNINGS: I would think so. 15 MR. FINNEGAN: Yes, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Okay. If it doesn't eliminate 17 the problem, we can take it up. 18 MR. BRALY: Okay. Your Honor, we would at 19 this time like to make an offer, you have already 20 ruled on this, but make an offer of proof with 21 respect to the insurance policies in this case on 22 their state of mind on their notice of the hazard. 23 THE COURT: The same ruling as previously. 24 MR. BRALY: I will present those for an

As a matter of fact, since they are

exhibit marker.

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1	voluminous, I will try to get one or two exemplars to
2	present.
3	THE COURT: All right.
4	MR. BRALY: What I think the Court is still
5	considering in the way of documents
6	THE COURT: What I ought to do is just let
7	you admit that. Do you want it?
8	MR. BRALY: Judge, I think at least one of
9	those policies has a relevant statement in it.
10	THE COURT: You want me to let it in?
11	MR. BRALY: I wouldn't have offered it. Are
12	they objecting?
13	MR. JENNINGS: Yes.
14	THE COURT: I will let it in.
15	MR. BRALY: Don't do that, Judge.
16	THE COURT: What else?
17	MR. BRALY: I would like to get the issue
18	tested, if there was a way to test it.
19	THE COURT: Well, that would be a good way.
20	MR. BRALY: Judge, I don't want to test it
21	that way. The National Cancer Advisory Board
22	document and the consensus conference documents are
23	still awaiting rulings, as far as I know.
24	THE COURT: They are, and I have still got
25	those under consideration. I will still deal with

them when it is necessary.

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MR. BRALY: We have a motion to strike their answers to an interrogatory, which we filed. We asked them to tell us how much money they had spent for scientific research and they gave us an answer and said, "Well, this is how much we spent for scientific research and product development."

THE COURT: I didn't understand that. I read it, but was there two different -- the question that was posed today where it shows 7500 or 9,000 and 17,000, that was obviously a different interrogatory.

MR. BRALY: A different interrogatory. This was a different period of time, as I recall, and --

THE COURT: It didn't make sense because it showed like '75, there was several like a hundred thousand dollars spent.

MR. BRALY: The question was phrased a little bit differently, but the problem is the question we asked for scientific research, they gave an answer and they said, "Well, we spent this for scientific research and product development." They didn't answer the specific question.

THE COURT: But you have the answer on scientific research.

MR. BRALY: The question covered different

time frames is the way I recall the question, Your 1 2 Honor. THE COURT: I don't think it -- well, it 3 covered from '75 through '85, I believe, and --4 5 MR. BRALY: It covered an earlier time See, it covered part of that time frame. Ιt 6 also covered an expanded time frame, and that was the 8 reason. 9 THE COURT: Well, in any event, go ahead, I don't think now is the time to bring up 10 respond. discovery disputes, so I will dispose of that in that 11 12 manner. 13 What else? 14 MR. BRALY: Nothing, Your Honor. 15 MR. FINNEGAN: If the Court please, what has been the Court's disposition on that?' 16 17 THE COURT: I will overrule the objection to 18 the -- I guess it was an objection to your 19 interrogatory. I am saying I don't think now is the 20 time to handle discovery disputes. 21 Anything else? We will be in recess. 22 MR. JENNINGS: Thank you. 23 (Court was recessed until 9:30 a.m., Wednesday, 24 June 11, 1986.)